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III Semester M.Sc. (SLP) Degree Examination, February/March - 2021 (Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

Event Related to Potentials in Speech and Language

Time: 2 Hour Instruction:			rs Answer all the questions.	Max. Marks : 50		
			*			
I.	1)	a)	Explain various methods of signal averaging in EF	RP. [10]		
		b)	Describe the importance of ground electrode electrode in ERP Measurement.	e and reference [5]		
			OR	[-]		
	2)	a)	What are the different methods to classification of	f ERP. [5]		
		b)	Differentiate exogenous VS endogenous as potentials.	uditory evoked [10]		
II.	3)	Des	cribe various stimulus and subject factors affecting	interpretation of		
		LLF	[10]			
			OR			
	4)	Highlight role of LLR in the field of speech Language management. [10]				
III.	5)	Des	cribe and differentiate N_{400} and P_{600} .	[15]		
		OR				
	6)	a)	Explain the stimulus paradigm, recording proceed	dure and clinical		
			application of P ₃₀₀ .	[10]		
		b)	Explain the importances of filters in ERP.	[5]		
IV.	7)	Criti	ically evaluate the "Source localization through ERI	P". [10]		
			OR			
	8)	Expl	lain the application of endogenous potentials in langua	age disorders.[10]		



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III Semester M.Sc. Degree (SLP) Examination, Feb./March - 2021 (Scheme: CBCS) SPEECH LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY Sign Language

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Tin	1e : 2	2 Hours Max. Marks: 5			
	An	swer the following questions:			
I.	1)	Compare and contrast between gestures, manual languages, sign bas augmentative systems and sign language. OR			
	2)	Explain in detail any two approaches used in the deaf education. [10]			
II.	3)	Write a short note on phonological structure of American Sign Language British Sign Language and Indian Sign Language. OR [10]			
	4)	Describe in detail the dialectal differences in phonology of Indian Sig Languages [10]			
III.	5)	Write a short note on the following syntactic aspects in sign language:[15]			
		a) Pluralization			
		b) Verb classes in ASL			
		c) Pronouns			
		OR			
	6)	a) Explain in detail the signed expression of tenses and questions i			
		ASL [10			
		b) Write a short note on dialectal differences in syntax of sign language			
		[5			
IV.	7)	Write a short note on the following: [15]			
	,	a) Categorical perception in ASL			
		b) Neural representation in sign language users			
		c) Sign language comprehension			
		OR			
	8)	a) Explain the language issues in deaf aphasics and CODA [10]			
		b) Discuss in detail the relevance of gestures in symbolic learning [5]			

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III Semester M.Sc. (SLP) Degree Examination, February/March - 2021 (Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

Dysphagia

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Instruction: Answer all questions.

I. 1) Explain the significance of parallel processing of swallowing compared to the traditional phases of swallow. [10]

OR

- 2) Older adults who suffer from stroke or other neurological disorders may harbour pre-existing swallow impairments. Discuss. [10]
- II. 3) Describe the impact of the damage to cranial nerves V and VII on swallow. [10]

OR

- 4) Describe the causes that lead to esophageal dysphagia. [10]
- III. 5) a) Discuss the need for FEES and/or VFSS in a 35 year old female who is under weight and is complaining of food 'sticking' in her throat when she swallows. [10]
 - b) Explain the relevance of SWAL-QoL in clinical practice. [5]

OR

- 6) a) A test battery approach in a multidisciplinary environment offers the best diagnostic accuracy and will provide the most useful information regarding prognosis and intervention. Justify. [10]
 - b) Write a note on the factors that influence bedside assessment of swallowing disorders. [5]

IV. 7) a) Discuss how the principles of neuromuscular rehabilitation may be applied to facilitatory swallow exercises. [10]

b) Write a note on the strategies to facilitate nutritive sucking in premature infants. [5]

OR

- a) Justify the need for the involvement of an SLP in the management of patients with head and neck cancer before, during and after medical treatment.
 - b) Dementia presents unique problems to the SLP who is treating dysphagia. Discuss. [5]



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III Semester II Year M.Sc. Degree (SLP) Examination,

February/March - 2021

(Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

			Speech and Language Processing			
Time: 2 Hour Instruction:			rs Max. Marks Answer all questions.	: 50		
I.	1)	Explain any one active theory of speech perception with the and limitations.				
			OR			
	2)	a)	Briefly explain the McGurk effect with example.	[5]		
		b)	How perceptual constancy processes augment in speech process	ing? [5]		
II.	3)	a)	Explain the different acoustic cues for fricative perception'?	[10]		
		b)	Briefly explain the differences in vowel and consonant perception	n.[5]		
			OR			
	4)		ign an experiment to study the role of voice onset time in sonant perception with voicing feature.	stop [1 5]		
III.	5)	a)	Describe the stages involved in spoken word recognition.	[5]		
		b)	Discuss the Cohort model of spoken word recognition.	[5]		
		c)	Briefly describe the pros and cons' of any one method use spoken word recognition research.	d in [5]		
			OR	•		
	6)	a)	Describe how event related potentials can be applied in sente			
				[10]		
		b)	Explain Garden-path model of attachment ambiguity.	[5]		

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- IV. 7) a) Enumerate the speech perceptual deficits in individuals with hearing loss. [5]
 - b) Write a note on association between early speech perception and later language development. [3]
 - c) Name the factors that contribute in cross-language speech perception? [2]

OR

8) Write a note on perception of Dysarthric speech by typical individuals.[10]

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Total No. of Pages: 2

III Semester II Year M.Sc. (SLP) Degree Examination, February/March - 2021

(Scheme : CBCS)

SPEECH - LANGUAGE PATHOLOGYVoice and its Disorders

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50

Instruction: Answer as indicated

I 1. Discuss the role of Cortical and subcortical areas in the Phonation movements control. [10]

OR

2. Explain the effect of puberty on voice.

[10]

II. 3. Highlight the vocal characteristics in the following:

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

- a) Subglottal stenosis
- b) Unilateral adductor palsy
- c) Laryngo pharyngeal reflex disorder
- d) Sulcus Vocalis
- e) Contact ulcers

OR

- 4. a) "Physiological aging contributes to changes in acoustics of voice".

 Justify with suitable examples. [10]
 - b) Highlight the importance of voice assessment in a Male Female transsexual individual. [5]
- III. 5. Delineate the importance of upshal and nonlinear based methods in acoustic analysis of voice. [10]

OR

6. Describe any two methods of assessment of vocal fold vibrations. [10]

- IV. 7. Discuss the role of voice therapy techniques (with suitable examples) in management of [15]
 - a) Geniatric voice problems
 - b) Voice problems in elite professional voice user

OR

- 8. Highlight a suitable surgical management option for the following: [15]
 - a) Reinke's edema
 - b) Spasmodic dysphonia
 - c) Recurrent nerve palsy



Total No. of Pages: 2

III Semester M.Sc. (SLP) Degree Examination, February/ March - 2021

(Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH - LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY Aphasia

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1) Answer all questions.
- 2) Support your answers with empirical research findings.
- I. 1) Explain different classifications of Aphasia and their advantages & disadvantages. [10]

OR

- 2) What are the three major advances in neuro-science which have lead to better understanding and classification of aphasia? [10]
- II. 3) Explain the functional Architecture model of lexical system. [15]

OR

- 4) a) Explain the working model of speech production and perception given by Blumstein, in 1994. [8]
 - b) Enumerate the syntactic deficits in aphasia with the help of any model.

[7]

III. 5) Explain the biochemical, physiologic and behavioral mechanisms of recovery in persons with aphasia. [15]

OR

6) Explain the various neuro-imaging methods for studying language and brain. [15]

IV. 7) Explain the philosophy and various steps of thematic language stimulation in persons with aphasia. [10]

OR

8) Write a short note on:

[5 + 5 = 10]

- a) Manual for adult Aphasia therapy.
- b) Tele-rehabilitation in persons with aphasia.

