

Power Sharing

1. Mention the two major social groups in Sri Lanka with percentage.

- the Sinhala-speakers (74 per cent) and the Tamil-speakers 18 per cent
- the Sinhala-speakers (74 per cent) and the Malayalam-speakers 18 per cent
- the Malayalam-speakers (74 per cent) and the Tamil-speakers 18 per cent
- the Tamil-speakers (74 per cent) and the Kannad-speakers 18 per cent

2. Which language is spoken by majority of Sri Lankans?

- Tamil
- Malayalam
- Kannad
- None of the Above

3. Which community in Belgium was relatively rich and powerful?

- The minority German-speaking community
- The minority French-speaking community
- The minority Dutch-speaking community
- None of the Above

4. What is the language spoken by the people residing in the Wallonia region of Belgium?

- French language
- Dutch language
- German language
- None of the Above

5. Belgium is surrounded by which group of countries?

- France, Netherland
- Germany, Luxembourg
- All of the Above
- None of the Above

6. Which language is mainly spoken in the Flemish region of Belgium?

- Dutch language
- German Language
- Tamil Language
- None of the above

7. Which community was rich and powerful in Belgium?

- German
- French
- Dutch
- none of the mentioned above

8. Which is the only official language of Sri Lanka?
- Tamil
 - Malayalam
 - Sinhala
 - none of the mentioned above
9. Which one of the following is correct regarding power sharing?
- A. It leads to conflict between different groups.
B. It ensures the stability of the country.
C. It helps to reduce the conflict between different groups.
- Only A is true
 - Only B is true
 - Both A and B are true
 - Both B and C are true
10. How many times the leaders of Belgium amended their constitution?
- Two times
 - Three times
 - Four times
 - Six times
11. How many people speak French and Dutch in the capital city of Brussels?
- 60 percent French 40 percent Dutch
 - 50% Dutch 50% French
 - 80% French 20% Dutch
 - 80% Dutch 20% French
12. Why is there a need for third level of government in India?
- a large number of problems and issues which are best settled at the local level
 - Indian states are large and internally very diverse
 - a & b
 - none of above.
13. Which of the following is very important factor for better understanding between Centre and Stateâ€™s Government?
- Emergence of regional political party
 - the beginning of the era of coalition government
 - when no single party got a clear majority
 - all the above factors
14. When did the Panchayati Raj System become a constitutional entity?
- 1992
 - 1991
 - 1993
 - 1995
15. How many subjects are enlisted in the Concurrent List?
- 66
 - 62
 - 47
 - 67

16. How many languages are scheduled in the Indian Constitution?

- 22
- 21
- 18
- 20

17. Which of the following is an example of holding together federation?

- Spain
- Australia
- India
- a & c

18. Which of the following is not a federal country?

- India
- Belgium
- USA
- Malaysia

19. Federalism is:

- a form of unitary government
- a government with two or multi levels of government
- a form of autocratic government
- a & c.

20. Which one of the following is the 3rd tier of government in India?

- Community Government
- State Government
- Panchayati Raj Government
- b & c

Answers

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- b & c
- Panchayati Raj Government