ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

# Forensic Science International: Genetics Supplement Series

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/FSIGSS



## Some Journal Metrics for Forensic Science International: Genetics



John M. Butler\*

National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD, USA

ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 28 August 2013 Accepted 2 October 2013

Keywords: Bibliometrics Journal impact factor Forensic Science International: Genetics ABSTRACT

*Forensic Science International: Genetics*, which is the official journal of the International Society for Forensic Genetics, has grown in readership and impact factor since its introduction in 2007. This article reviews some metrics of the 32 issues available as of September 2013.

Published by Elsevier Ireland Ltd.

### 1. Introduction

March 2007 marked the birth of Forensic Science International: Genetics, a daughter journal of Forensic Science International that focuses on forensic genetics [1]. Leadership for the journal began with Angel Carracedo from the University of Santiago de Compostela in Galicia, Spain serving as the editor-in-chief with associate editors Peter Schneider (Cologne, Germany) and John Butler (Gaithersburg, Maryland, USA). In 2012, Adrian Linacre (Adelaide, South Australia) and Leonor Gusmão (Porto, Portugal) were added as additional associate editors to aid work with non-human DNA and population genetics articles, respectively.

#### 2. Journal metrics

Over the past five years, around 300 articles have been submitted each year to FSI Genetics. The journal has maintained a rejection rate of 55–60% in an attempt to keep article quality high and enable rapid publication times. The number of printed and electronic pages has increased each year to keep publication backlogs to a minimum. Articles are available on-line within a few weeks of acceptance and are now typically printed within six months after passing the peer-review process. Article-based publishing, where multiple issues are open simultaneously so that accepted articles can receive page numbers immediately, will reduce the time to print even more. The publisher has steadily granted more printed and electronic pages for each volume (Table 1). The number of printed issues has increased from three

E-mail address: john.butler@nist.gov

(2007) to four (2008, 2009) to five (2010, 2011) and now has stabilized at six issues per year (2012, 2013).

As the official journal of the International Society of Forensic Genetics, *FSI Genetics* has a world-wide readership. In 2012, 51% of corresponding authors were from Western Europe with authors from the U.S. and Canada contributing 19% of published articles, Asia 17%, Australia/New Zealand 5%, Eastern Europe 5%, and South America 2%.

#### 3. Journal topics

A majority of articles appearing in the first 32 issues have focused on population data with autosomal, Y-chromosome, and X-chromosome short tandem repeats (STRs) although emerging efforts with RNA tissue typing and eye color phenotype determination are increasing (Table 2). Almost 40% (301) of the 768 articles accepted so far are population data studies. Guidelines for these types of studies were released in 2010 [2] and made more stringent in 2013 [3]. A minimum of 17 loci are requested now for autosomal STR and Y-STR studies and 12 loci are requested for X-chromosome markers. In addition, minimum sample numbers have been raised to 500 samples with autosomal, X-, and mitochondrial DNA data while 250 samples are a minimum for Y-chromosome results.

#### 4. Journal impact factor

Impact factors are calculated each year by Thompson Reuters (New York City, NY) from the number of citations to recently published articles in a journal and are used as a measure of relative stature compared to similar journals [4,5]. A comparison of five forensic journals over the past five years shows the yearly improvement of FSI Genetics (Fig. 1). The 2012 impact factors, which were released in June 2013, ranked FSI Genetics #1 out of

<sup>\*</sup> Correspondence to: NIST, 100 Bureau Drive, M/S 4701, Gaithersburg, MD 20899, USA. Tel.: +1 301 975 4049; fax: +1 301 975 8620.

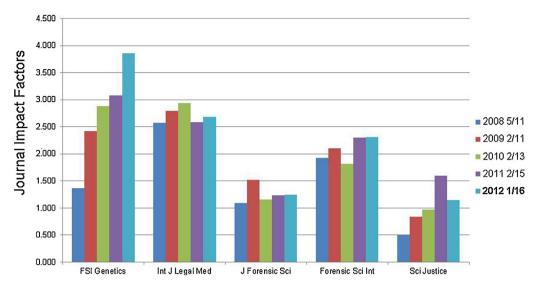


Fig. 1. Comparison of journal impact factors for 2008-2012.

Table 1
Review of 32 issues published from March 2007 to September 2013.

#E
. 7
14
16
8
. 8
20
5
2
0 4 2 0 2

#P: number of articles appearing in print and possessing page numbers, #E: number of articles appearing only electronically.

Table 2
Selected topics covered in FSI Genetics from March 2007 to September 2013.

Category	Number of articles (from total of 768)
Population studies	301
Autosomal STR data	136
Y-STR data	95
X-STR data	43
mtDNA	27
SNPs	55
Non-human DNA	40
Relationship testing	37
RNA (e.g., tissue typing)	17
Phenotype (e.g., eye color)	15

16 journals in the "Medical, Legal" category with an impact factor of 3.861.

The relative journal ranking for FSI Genetics in the legal medicine category is indicated next to each year.

#### **Funding and disclaimers**

No external funding was received to conduct this study. Commercial equipment, instruments, and materials are identified in order to specify experimental procedures as completely as possible. In no case does such identification imply a recommendation or endorsement by the National Institute of Standards and Technology nor does it imply that any of the materials, instruments or equipment are necessarily the best available for the purpose.

#### **Conflict of interest**

The author is an associate editor of the journal, which is an unpaid, volunteer position.

#### Acknowledgments

The hard work of authors, editors, and reviewers help make a journal successful. Assistance of the past and current Elsevier staff in producing *Forensic Science International: Genetics* is greatly appreciated including Aisling Murphy (associate publisher), Alexia Basualdo (publishing support manager), and Andrew Healey (journal manager). Aisling kindly prepared a Publishers' Report prior to the ISFG 2013 meeting from which much of the information presented here was drawn.

#### References

- Announcement Launching Forensic Science International daughter journal in 2007: Forensic Science International: Genetics, Forensic Sci. Int. Genet. 1 (2007) 1–2.
   A. Carracedo, J.M. Butler, L. Gusmão, W. Parson, L. Roewer, P.M. Schneider, Publi-
- [2] A. Carracedo, J.M. Butler, L. Gusmão, W. Parson, L. Roewer, P.M. Schneider, Publication of population data for forensic purposes, Forensic Sci. Int. Genet. 4 (2010) 145–147.
- [3] A. Carracedo, J.M. Butler, L. Gusmão, A. Linacre, W. Parson, L. Roewer, P.M. Schneider, New guidelines for the publication of genetic population data, Forensic Sci. Int. Genet. 7 (2013) 217–220.
- [4] E. Garfield, The history and meaning of the journal impact factor, J. Am. Med. Assoc. 295 (2006) 90–93.
- [5] A.W. Jones, The distribution of forensic journals, reflections on authorship practices, peer-review and role of the impact factor, Forensic Sci. Int. 165 (2006) 115–128.