6)

Sl. No. 0046

Total No. of Pages: 2

III Semester M.Sc. Examination, February- 2025

(Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY APHASIA

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50 Answer all questions. Instruction: Explain in detail regarding the re-classification and re-interpretation of I. 1) aphasia syndromes. [10] OR Discuss the contribution of connectionist models in understanding 2) language processing in typical individuals & aphasis. [10] Explain the neural basis of speech perception in relevance to II. 3) a) aphasia. [10]Outline the phonological deficits in individuals with fluent aphasia. b) [5] OR Explain the syntatic deficits in Aphasia. 4) a) [10]Write a short note on the utility of ERP's in Aphasia. b) [5] **III.** 5) Explain in detail regarding the formal tests in Aphasia assessments. [10] OR

Discuss regarding the mechanism of recovery in Aphasia.

[10]

IV. 7) Explain regarding the traditional approaches in aphasia rehabilitation? [15]

OR

8) a) Discuss the rights of persons with Aphasia. [10]

b) Tele-rehabilitation as a mode of service delivery in Aphasia. [5]



Sl. No. 0047

Total No. of Pages: 2

III Semester II M.Sc. Examination, February - 2025 (Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

Voice and Its Disorders

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50

Instruction: Answer all the questions.

I. Describe the physiology of Vocal fold vibrations using any one model.Justify your choice of the model. [10]

OR

- 2. Write short notes on the neurophysiology of the Adult larynx. [10]
- II. 3. a) Brief on the different a laryngeal mode of rehabilitation options for laryngectomee. [10]
 - b) Describe the acoustic characteristics of Elederly voice. [5]

OR

4. Compare and contrast:

 $[3\times 5=15]$

- a) GERD v/s LPR
- b) Vocal nodule v/s vocal polyp
- c) Sulcus vocals v/s laryngeal cleft
- III. 5. Brief on the rationale behind the assessment using:

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

- a) Electroglottogram
- b) Electromyography
- c) Acoustic pertubation measures

OR

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6. Explain the following perceptual assessment scale:

 $[3\times 5=15]$

- a) CAPE V
- b) VHI
- c) Buffalo voice assessment scale
- IV. 7. Describe the voice Enhancement methods that could be given for Elite professional voice users. [10]

OR

8. Evaluate the use of voice therapy and surgical intervention in hypofunctional voice disorders. [10]

HHH

Sl. No. 0043

Total No. of Pages: 2

III Semester M.Sc. Examination, February - 2025 (Scheme: CBCS)

SPEECH LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

Speech and Language Processing

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 50 Instruction: Answer all questions. I. Explain any two theories of speech perception. 1. [10]OR 2. Describe perceptual organization in speech. [10] II. 3. a) Describe the salient perceptual cues for vowels? [10]b) What are the cues for different place of articulation with reference to the perception of nasal continuants? [5] OR What are the perceptual cues for the following class of sounds? 4. $[3 \times 5 = 15]$ Fricatives a) b) Nasals Dipthongs c) III. 5. Describe the following methods used for spoken word recognition research. $[3 \times 5 = 15]$ Gating paradigm a) Lexical decision b) c) Word under noise

- 6. Describe how event related potentials can be used in sentence comprehension research. Explain with recent studies. [15]
- IV. 7. Describe the speech perceptual deficits reported in the following clinical population: $[2 \times 5 = 10]$
 - a) Aphasia
 - b) Hearing impairment

OR

8. Elaborate any two methods used in infant speech perception along with merits and demerits. [10]

RRR

Sl. No. 0044

Total No. of Pages: 2

III Semester M.Sc. Examination, February - 2025 (Scheme : CBCS) SPEECH-LANGUAGE PATHOLOGY

Dysphagia

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 50

Instruction: All questions are compulsory.

I. 1) Learning to eat parallels general motor and oromotor development. Justify the statement by highlighting the various stages of feeding development.

[10]

OR

2) Eating and drinking is controlled and regulated by the nervous system. Justify the statement by highlighting the role of various brain structures.

[10]

II. 3) Explain the impact of cardiopulmonary disorders on feeding and swallowing in young children. [10]

OR

- 4) Describe the effect of the following conditions on swallow.
 - Esophageal rings

[10]

b) Choanal atresia

a)

- III. 5) a) Compare and contrast the Repetitive saliva swallow test with the volume viscosity swallow test. [5]
 - b) How would you evaluate the feeding in children? Highlight the major components. [10]

OR

- 6) a) Describe any two standardized tests used to evaluate dysphagia in adults. [10]
 - b) Explain the significance of manometry in the assessment of dysphagia. [5]

IV. 7) Write short notes on:

 $[3\times 5=15]$

- a) Impact of isometric lingual strength training.
- b) Management of suck-swallow-breathe incoordination.
- c) Expiratory muscle strength training (EMST)

OR

- 8) a) Discuss the intervention protocols used for the management of feeding problems in neonates. [10]
 - b) Discuss the utility of Shaker's exercise and its modified version on improving swallow function. [5]

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