CALENDER 1968-69





THE ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF SPEECH AND HEARING
CENTENARY HALL, MYSORE-5

rams: 'LOGOPEDICS"

Phone: 715 & 1874

THE ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF SPEECH AND HEARING, MYSORE

C A L E N D A R 1968 - 69

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12.	Wednesday	A Committee of the	12.	Friday 00	
13.	Thursday	Yours	13.	Saturday	Holiday
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15.	Saturday	Institution re-	15.	Monday	is Curres
16.	Sunday	opens for students Holiday	16.	Tuesday	TELEVISION OF THE
17.	Monday	nescay 1	17.	Wednesday	strutes III
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20.	Thursday	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20.	Saturday	enshabil LOS
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23.	Sunday	Holiday	23.	Tuesday	MANATA ES
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18.	Sunday	Holiday	18.	Wednesday	reacont .33
19.	Monday	SUPERIOR P.C.	19.	Thursday	19. Endagender
20.	Tuesday	V C STOOR	20.	Friday	Telegraph - 18
21.	Wednesday	A A SHEET STATE OF THE SECOND	21.	Saturday	TANKET LEN
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5.	Monday	191	5.	Thursday	Yournday
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10.	Saturday	Holiday	10.	Tuesday	Waston 10
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14.	Wednesday	Metans . Pr	14.	Saturday	Holiday
15,	Thursday	Independence Day	15.	Sunday	Holiday
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17.	Saturday	be or how	17.	Tuesday	anacok (17)
18.	Sunday	Holiday	18.	Wednesday	recorder .03
19.	Monday	900	19.	Thursday	10. Podperdary
20.	Tuesday	ADELOGIE	20.	Friday	venauud
21.	Wednesday	palente de la visit	21.	Saturday	Explication in the
22.	Thursday	Person isin	22.	Sunday	Holiday
23.	Friday	A Property Control of the Control of	23.	Monday	Final Uni. Exam. for M.Sc student
24.	Saturday	Provided to the second	24.	Tuesday	Tor M.Sc Student
25.	Sunday	Holiday	25.	Wednesday	Sections State
26.	Monday	Holiday for students only	26.	Thursday	n mila and mil
27.	Tuesday	Ganesha	27.	Friday (Monthly tests
28.	Wednesday	Chaturth1	28.	Saturday (Paratry (20)
29.	Thursday	Valuety 160	29.	Sunday	Holiday
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31.	Saturday 0	Danchew . IE			Pooja)

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1.	Tuesday	V1jayadasam1	1.	Friday 2	DECEMBER 19
2.	Wednesday	Gandhi Jayanthi	2.	Saturday	I. Sunday
3.	Thursday	Yabibum is	3.	Sunday	Holiday
4.	Friday	Vester E	4.	Monday	S. Pueses
5.	Saturday	a. Soburday	5.	Tuesday	4. Wadnesi
6.	Sunday	Holiday	6.	Wednesday	5. Thursd
7.	Monday	tement 18	7.	Thursday	vableW .a
8.	Tuesday	7. Tuesday	8.	Friday	broad .v
9.	Wednesday	abe and we want	9.	Saturday	Holiday
10.	Thursday	cabaront .e	10.	Sunday	Holiday
11.	Friday	tio, Ertour	11.	Monday	amen of
12.	Saturday	Holiday	12.	Tuesday	ll. Wednes
13.	Sunday	Holiday SI	13.	Wednesday	le Thursd
14.	Monday	TA. Monday	14.	Thursday	10. Friday
15.	Tuesday	M. Tuesday	15.	Friday	Institute reepens
16.	Wednesday	Mid-term vaca- tion for stu-	16.	Saturday	for students
		dents for one month	17.	Sunday	Holiday
17.	Thursday	faring -tr	18.	Monday	ebeenT .VI
18.	Friday	vebrates . Ff.	19.	Tue sday	. 18. Wednesd
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26.	Saturday	REPUBLICATION OF THE PROPERTY	27.	Wednesday	26, Thursda
27.	Sunday	Holiday 100	28.	Thursday	MONTHLY TESTS.
28.	Monday	Tenbenat LES	29.	Friday	010318
29.	Tue sday	Monthly tests	30.	Saturday.	venus es
30.	Wednesday	Aspained too	Jaeu ,	THEMEN	Table Manday
31.	Thursday [y bost	Indicon A	21. These

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1.	Sunday	Holiday	1. Wednesday	New year: Holi
2.	Monday	Sessional	2. Thursday	for students.
3.	Tuesday	Exams.	3. Friday	maring, a
4.	Wednesday	5. Incres:	4. Saturday	5. Saturday
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6.	Friday	V. Burnds	6. Monday	Va Monday
7.	Saturday	8. Eriday	7. Tuesday	table and Le
8.	Sunday	Holiday	8. Wednesday	ebserbey .e
9.	Monday	wabane .o.	9. Thursday	TO. Nintraday
10.	Tuesday	LabnoH .I.	10. Friday	11. Friday
11.	Wednesday	E. Therefor	11. Saturday	Holiday
12.	Thursday	.S. Wedge ad	12. Sunday	Holiday
13.	Friday	denner . A	13. Monday	vahooM , N
14.	Saturday	Holiday	14. Tuesday	repend .or
15.	Sunday	Holiday	15. Wednesday	15. Vegnorday
16.	Monday	La Sunday	16. Thursday	
17.	Tuesday	gabgoN .S.	17. Friday	ir. Thursday
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25.	Wednesday	phoesia	25. Saturday	Asplia 198
26.	Thursday	os onbelt was	26. Sunday	Holiday
27.	Friday	skaum .88	27. Monday	vapous .73
28.	Saturday	Monthly tes	st 28. Tuesday	ZS. Monday
29.	Sunday	Holiday	29. Wednesday	29. Tuesday
30.	Monday	Monthly tes	st 30. Thursday	Monthly tests
31.	Tuesday	Monthly tes	st 31. Friday	TE THE SORY

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1.	Saturday	The state of the s	1.	Saturday	Yabeaday .S
2.	Sunday	Holiday	2.	Sunday	Holiday
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4.	Tuesday	Tables 1	4.	Tuesday	velences : . 3
5.	Wednesday	valueoff .8	5.	Wednesday	gablus . s
6.	Thursday	abahahaw . T	6.	Thursday	washold -5
7.	Friday	este sant	7.	Friday	S. Mabasuli 8
8.	Saturday	Holiday	8.	Saturday	Holiday
9.	Sunday	Holiday	9.	Sunday	Holiday
10.	Monday	The Student Line	10.	Monday	Triday
11.	Tuesday	Taboot 1.21	11.	Tuesday	- anhalfes A.S.
12.	Wednesday	The state of the state of	12.	Wednesday	12. Juneau SI
13.	Thursday	Mernagon	13.	Thursday	TANK MARKET
14.	Friday	ls. diurelay	14.	Friday	in the proof of the second
15.	Saturday	16, Friday	15.	Saturday	TS. Medicador
16.	Sunday	Holiday	16.	Sunday	Holiday W
17.	Monday	la. somer af	17.	Monday	has maken safe
18.	Tuesday	18. Monday	18.	Tuesday	rebruist . Cf
19.	Wednesday	20.9 Tuesday	19.	Wednesday	10 10 10 10 COS
20.	Thursday	Value of Self 1 1 12	20.	Thursday	The Monday
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23.	Smidely of	Holiday	23.	Sunday	Holiday
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27.	Thursday	Monthly tests	27.	Thursday	Monthly test
28.	Friday 0	tabeneda .es	28.	Friday	Holiday
	Monthly to	in Friday	29.	Saturday	Monthly test
		gebruigs .16	30.	Sunday	Holiday
			31.	Monday	Term-days close

			- 8	MAY	1969	
1.	Tuesday	II.B.Sc exams.	in	1.	Thursday	M.Sc exams. in this month.
2.	Wednesday	this month.		2.	Friday	CHIS MOHELLA
3.	Thursday	S. Sunday		3.	Saturday	VARIANCE LS
4.	Friday	Norday ,		4.	Sunday	Holiday
5.	Saturday	. Tuesday		5.	Monday	yelsoni . F
6.	Sunday	Holiday		6.	Tuesday	Fire Wadnesday
7.	Monday	J. Thursday		7.	Wednesday	e. Chursday
8.	Tuesday	Triday		8.	Thursday	Tabiry ,5
9.	Wednesday	querudet8		9.	Friday	introduce 1,8
10.	Thursday	J. Sunday		10.	Saturday	Holiday
11.	Friday	Monday	10	11.	Sunday	Holiday
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13.	Sunday	Holiday	of it	13.	Tuesday	vadzaginie - SA
14.	Monday	Trumsday	13	14.	Wednesday	toharany
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16.	Wednesday	valutitas.	15	16.	Friday	Aupanies -5.5
17.	Thursday	Asptats	a2	17.	Saturday	DE Sundary
18.	Friday	vebcoM .	dr.	18.	Sunday	Holiday
19.	Saturday	valua ur		19.	Monday	Ampaoru, 'BT
20.	Sunday	Holiday	er .	20.	Tuesday	representation of
21.	Monday	Vale Ture of any	CB ·	21.	Wednesday	Aspania .OS
22.	Tuesday	. Priday	IS.	22.	Thursday	21. Eriday
23.	Wednesday	Tabilitas .		23.	Friday	Valendad SP
24.	Thursday	· šynday i		24.	Saturday	estima es
25.	Friday	ykbton .		25.	Sunday	Holiday
26.	Saturday	Toesday		26.	Monday	25. Tuesday
27.	Sunday	Holiday	88	27.	Tuesday	26. Medigesday
28.	Monday	Thursday.		28.	Wednesday	27. Trumsday
29.	Tuesday	Monthly tests		29.	Thursday (23. Friday
30.	Wednesday	v. Syudes	195	30.	Friday 0	Monthly tests.
		A Alektred -	44	31.	Saturday 0	

ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF SPEECH AND HEARING MYSORE

On the invitation of the Government of India, late Dr. Martin F. Palmer, Consultant in the United States Department of Health, Education and Welfare, Director, Institute of Logopedics, Wichita, University of Kansas, visited India in 1963 to study the problems of communicative On the basis of his recommendations, this institute was established in Mysore on 9th August 1965. main objectives of the institute are to provide professional education, research facilities and clinical service in the field of Speech and Hearing where the number of trained persons in India is negligibly small.

His Highness Sri. Jayachamaraja Wadiyar, Maharaja of Mysore had donated 20 aeres of land for the Institute. As the land donated was not suitable to the requirements of the Institute, the University of Mysore allotted 32 acres of land in their campus on lease basis for housing this Institute. The foundation stone for the Institute was laid by the President on 25th July 1966 in the University Campus. As an interim arrangement, the University has provided accommodation for the Institute and hostel facilities for the students in their buildings.

Based on the recommendations of late Dr. Palmer the Institute has started training towards the M.Sc degree course in Speech Pathology and Audiology. The course was inaugurated on 2nd October 1966 by the Honourable Minister for Health and Family Planning, and in July '67 B.Sc course was also started.

The Institute has been registered under the Society's registration act, as an autonomous body with effect from 10th October 1966 to provide for greater flexibility of action than might be possible otherwise. It is financed by the Government of India and is governed by a General Council and an Executive Council.

The following are the members of the General Council and Executive Council :-

GENERAL COUNCIL

(a)	His	Highness the Mahara	aja of Mysore	Patron
		Jayachamaraja Wadi		

- (b) Union Minister for Health, Family President Planning and Urban Development.
- Vice Chancellor, (c) Vice University of Mysore. President (d) Health Minister Member
- Government of Mysore.

		-8-	
	(e)	Secretary, Union Ministry of Health Family Planning & Urban Development (Department of Health)	Member
-en ceter -en ceter -enr .cot -fair .eat	(f)	Joint Secretary, Union Ministry of Finance, (Health) Department of Expenditure	Member
Tuic ing	(g)	Director General of Health Services, New Delhi	Member
-17d Joseph	(h)	Dean, Medical Faculty University of Mysore.	Member
lo regardad	(i)	A Representative of the Depart- ment of Health, Government of Mysore.	Member
- Read Fresh	(j)	A Representative of the Union Ministry of Education, Government of India.	Member
en estron of	(k)	A Representative of the Depart- ment of Social Welfare, Union Ministry of Planning and Social Welfare, Government of India.	Member
baterated and and appearance arter a series a se	(1)	Director, All India Institute of Speech & Hearing, Mysore - 5	Member Secretary
AND THE SECOND	(m)	One member of the Teaching Staff of the All India Institute of Speech and Hearing, Mysore.	MEMBER.
ran Iranasa	(n)	Any such other member as may be admitted as member from time to time by the Executive Council.	Tropics
II.	EXEC	EXECUTIVE COUNCIL	
postar.	i.	The Union Minister for Health, Family Planning & Urban Development (Sri. Satyanarayan Sinha)	Chairman
	2.	The Vice Chancellor, University of Mysore, (Dr. K.L. Shrimali)	Vice Chairman
Theorems	3.	The Minister of Health, Government of Mysore. (Sri. Y. Ramakrishna)	Member

4. The Secretary,
Union Ministry of Health, Family
Planning and Urban Development,
(Department of Health)
(Sri. Govind Narain)

Member

5. The Joint Secretary,
Ministry of Finance (Health)
Department of Expenditure,
(Shri D.J. Madan)

Member

6. The Director General of Health Services, New Delhi. (Dr. P.K. Duraiswami)

Member

7. The Director,
All India Institute
of Speech & Hearing,
Mysore - 5.
(Dr. J.J. Dharmaraj)

Member Secretary

III STAFF MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTE

1. Dr. JJ. Dharmaraj, M.S.

Director

2. Dr. N. Rathna, M.S. (Hunter)
M.S. (Gallaudet), M.A.T.,
Ed. D (Indiana)

Reader in Speech Pathology

3. Shri. J. Bharathraj, M.A., D.M.P.

Reader in Psychology

4. Miss. Shailaja Nikam, M.A. (California) Reader in Speech Pathology

5. Smt. Rekha sen, B.A., C.T.D. U.C.T.D. (Manchester)

Lecturer in oral deaf teaching

6. Sri. M.N. Hegde, M.A. D.M. & S.P.

Lecturer in Psychology

7. Sri. N.C. Appalacharyalu, M.Sc.,

Lecturer in Electronics

8. Mrs. Saraswathimenon, M.A. (Columbia) Lecturer in Speech Pathology

9. Sri. M.V. Govindarajan, M.A. B. Lib. Sc.,

Librarian

10. Sri. S. Satyanarayana Murthy, M.Sc., Tech.

Scientific Assistant in Electronics

11. Sri. E. P. Balakrishnan, M.A., B.T.,

Clinical Assistant

12. Sri. P. Chandra, B.Com., B.Ed., Clinical Assistan 13. Mrs. Iffath Astam, B.A., B.Ed., -do-14. Dr. K.G. Das, M.D., M.R.C.P(Eng) Professor of Medicine, Visiting Physician Mysore Medical College, Mysore. 15. Dr. I. Amla, M.B.B.S., M.R.C.P., Visiting D.C.H., Mysore Medical College, Paediatrici: Mysore. Dr. P. Subba Rao, MB.B.S. D.A.B.O. F.A.C.S. (USA) Associate Professor 16. Visiting ENT Speciali of EN.T. Mysore Medical College. 17. Professor of Neurosurgery, Visiting All India Institute of Neurosurgeon Mental Health, Bangalore. 18. Visiting Associate Professor of Neurology, Neurologist All India Institute of Mental Health, Bangalore. 19. Dr. Krishna Urs, M.B.B.S, M.Sc Part time Associate Professor of Anatomy, Professor Mysore Medical College, Mysore. Anatomy 20. Part time Dr. D. Ekanthappa, M.B.B.S., M.S. Associate Professor of Physiology, Professor o Mysore Medical College, Mysore. Physiolog 21. U. Ramachandraiah, M.B.B.S., M.D. Part time Professor of Pathology. Professor of Mysore Medical College. Pathology Mysore. 22. Dr. Manappa Naik, M.A., Ph.D. Part time Reader in Linguistics. Reader in Manasagangothri, Mysore. Linguistics 23. Sri. J. Alexander Part time University of Mysore, Lecturer in

24. Mr. K. Gopal, M.Sc.,
Lecturer in Physics,
Manasagangothri,
Mysore.

Mysore.

Part time Lecturer in Physics

English

THE COURSES OFFERED AT THE INSTITUTE

At present the Institute is conducting the M.Sc and the B.Sc courses in Speech Pathology and Audiology. It is proposed to conduct diploma courses and short term courses for medical graduates and several levels of education required for different types of Speech and Hearing work.

I. TWO YEARS' MASTER'S DEGREE COURSE IN SPEECH PATHOLOGY AND AUDIOLOGY

The Institute offers courses for the degree of Master of Science in Speech and Hearing.

DURATION

The duration of the course is of three academic years including the post examination internship of one year. In order to qualify for the M.Sc Degree, every candidate will have to undergo an internship for a period of twelve months after passing the final examination at the end of the second year, in an Institution recognised by the University of Mysore. However, this is not required in cases of those who have already obtained the B.Sc degree in Speech and Hearing.

QUALIFICATION FOR ADMISSION

Candidates who have passed a Bachelor's Degree in any of the following areas from a recognised University, will be eligible for admission to M.Sc Degree course.

- (a) Psychology
- (b) Physical or natural sciences
- (c) Education
- (d) Linguistics
- (e) Medicine

Additional qualification in the education of the handicapped, occupational therapy, physiotherapy or nursing is desirable. Since the medium of instruction is English, the candidates must be proficient in that language.

MEDICAL CERTIFICATES

All candidates should produce the required medical certificate before joining the course.

AGE LIMITS

The age limit for admission to M.Sc degree course is 25 years. The candidate should not be over 25 on 1st July of the year in which they are to be admitted.

NUMBER OF SEATS AVAILABLE

There are five seats available for admission to the M.Sc degree course,

STIPEND

The candidates selected for the M.Sc course will be paid a monthly stipend of Rs. 200/- per month for nine months in each year.

All stipendaries are required to execute a bond with the Institute to the effect that they would successfully complet the specified years of study and that if they discontinue the same, they would repay the amount of stipend they have received and also that they would serve in a recognised Institution for not less than a period of 3 years after the completion of the course.

ATTENDANCE, PROGRESS AND CONDUCT

Each academic year shall be taken as a unit for purposes of calculating attendance. A student shall attend not less than three fourths of the number of actual working periods during the academic session in each of three categories, lectures, practicals and seminars during each year.

A student's progress and conduct shall be certified as "satisfactory" by the Head of the department concerned.

A student who does not satisfy the requirements of attendance, progress and conduct shall not be promoted to the next class or permitted to take the examination as the case may be

ACADEMIC YEAR

The Academic Year for the course shall be from 16th June to 15th March of the following year. Each year shall consist of two terms as follows:-

First term ... 16th June to 15 October

Second term ... 16th November to 15 March

The vacations and other holidays during the year shall be as prescribed by the University of Mysore.

However, as a transitory measure the academic year for the first batch of students has commenced from 2nd October '66

1st term .. 2nd Oct to 30 Apr

2nd term ... 1st June to 24 Sept

No of hours of tuition per week

Theory .. 20 hours per week Practicals .. 16 hours per week

Total 36

Working hours : Week days (including saturdays)

Theory : 10.00 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 - 3 P.M.

Practicals : 3.00 P.M. to 5.30 P.M.

The topics to be covered shall be distributed over the two years of study.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS (M.Sc)

There will be two university examinations. The M.Sc I Examination will be held at the end of the first year and the final examination, at the end of the second year.

The M.Sc I examination will have five theory papers each carrying maximum marks of 100. 20 marks in each paper will be set apart for assessment of class work.

FIRST EXAMINATION

в 1.	Introduction to speech therapy	Ĭ.	
В 4.	Anatomy, Physiology, Neurology of speech and hearing	I Paper	100
B12.	Development of speech and Language.	Ž Ž	
В 2.	Introduction to Audiometry	Ŷ.	
В 3.	Introduction to the rehabilitation of the aurally handicapped.	II Paper	100
в 10.	Organisation and Administration of speech and hearing centers		
в 5.	Methods of Research	Ĭ Ž	100
в 6.	Statistics	i IIIPaper	100
в 7.	Psychology of the Handicapped	Ĭ TW D	700
в 8.	Clinical Psychology	V IV Paper	100
в 9.	Applied Linguistics	Î.	7.00
B1 1.	Experimental Phonetics	V Paper	100
		Total marks	500

FINAL EXAMINATION

At the end of the second year the students of the two degrees (Speech Pathology and Audiology) will take examination in the specialisation areas. However the courses Al & A 2 of Audiology and Sl and Sl of speech pathology pres-

cribed for the second year will be common to all candidates taking the final M.Sc examination. The examination will be in five theory papers each carrying 100 marks of which 20 marks will be set apart for assessment of class work. Another 100 marks will be set apart for practical clinical work ther detailed scheme of examination will be as follows:-

M.Sc IN SPEECH PATHOLOGY

	1 3	Diagnostics methods in speech pathology Articulation disorders	I paper	100
	1 2	Differential diagnostic Audio- metry Audiometry with children	[II paper	100
s	2	Psychotherapy in speech pathology, stuttering	(IIIpaper	100
S	5	Aphasia and Allied Disorders		
.3	6	First seminar in Speech Pathology (Mental retardation, cerebral palsy, delayed language)	-≬IV paper	100
s	7	Second Seminar in Speech Pathology (voice disorders, Laryngectomy and cleft palate)		100
			Theory -	500
			Practicals-	100
		- Line of the constant	Total	600
М.	Sc	in AUDIOLOGY		
S		Diagnostic methods in speech pathology Articulation disorders	I paper	100
A	,	Differential diagnostic Audio- metry Audiometry with children	IIpaper	100
A A		Speech, Hearing, and communi- cation. Hearing Aids and Auditory	IIIpaper	100
A	9	Training Speech reading and Speech	Ž	
A A	5	Electronics Laboratory instrumentation & Maintenance	IV paper	100
A A	7	Experimental Audiology Acoustics	V paper _	100
A	,	ACOUS GIGS	Theory Practicals	500 100
				600

MONTH OF EXAMINATION

The examination shall be held in the month of April each year, or as may be prescribed by the University.

However as a transitory measure, the first batch of students shall have the examination in September.

MINIMA FOR A PASS

- (1) No candidate shall be declared to have passed in the first examination unless he obtains 50 percent in the aggregate marks for the whole examination.
- (2) No candidate shall be declared to have passed the final examination unless:
 - (i) he obtains not less than 40% of the marks in aggregate of the written papers.
 - (ii) he obtains not less than 40% of the marks in aggregate of the dissertation, case work and viva voce.
 - (iii) he obtains not less than 40% of the marks in aggregate of the practicals.
 - (iv) he obtains not less than 50% of the marks in aggregate of the whole of examination.
- (3) A candidate who fails to secure the minimum for a pass in the first examination shall be permitted to go to the second year class. He shall take the first examination along with the final examination. However, his results for the final examination shall not be declared until he passes the first examination.

CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

No class shall be declared in the first examination. Candidates shall be declared to have passed or not passed in the first examination.

Successful candidates at the first and final examinations shall be classified on the basis of aggregate marks for the whole examination, taking into account the marks in the first and final examination as follows:

Those who obtain not less than 60% of the aggregate marks of the whole examination.

Second class .. Other Successful eandidates.

The names of the candidates shall be arranged in the order of merit.

FEES

Tuition	Nil
Examination fee	Rs. 60.00 for each Exam.
Marks sheet fee	Rs. 2.00
	Total 62.00
Registration fee (University)	Rs. 3.00
Admission fee	Rs. 5.00
Library fee	Rs. 2.00
Sports fee Reading room fee	Rs. 6.00 Students Rs. 4.00 Association
Medical fee Calendar and Journals Caution deposit (refundable)	Rs. 2.00 Rs. 6.00 Rs. 150.00 Total 178.00

It is intended that the level of proficiency attained by the students after training be equivalent to that attained by students in other parts of the world. The courses of study, the hours and methods of work have been designed with this in view, and they would demand a dedicated effort from the students. A great emphasis is laid on practical experience in handling cases with speech and hearing problems. The student start working with cases under supervision very early in the training programme.

COURSES PRESCRIBED FOR M.Sc

' <u>Ist</u>	<u>year</u>			3	IInd year peech Pathology
B 1	- Introduction to Speech Pathology	A	1	-	Diagnostic Audiometr
в 2	- Introduction to Audiology	A			Audiometry with Children.
В 3	- Introduction to	S	1	-	Diagnostics
	Aurally Handicapped	S	2	-	Psychotherapy in Speech Pathology
B 4	- Anatomy, Physiology and Neurology of Spee	ch			<u>initial</u>
B 5	- Methods of Research		3	-	Artic, Disorders
		S	4	-	Stuttering

m nladi	dan is same sait to I thought to all a value same sait the	
В 6	Statistics and and one S 5 Aphasia	
В 7	Psychology of the Seminar exceptional	
D 0	S 7 Second Semina	ır
B 8	Clinical Psychology S10 Tutorials	
В 9	Applied Linguistics 1000 417 10 MOLTARUU (S9 which is	cli-
Blo	Organisation and Admi-	the pra-
B11	Experimental Phonetics Collaboration	,5)
B12 is	and Language to to stocky to wile avenue of to	
) -TIERI	SECOND YEAR M.SC AUDIOLOGY	
3 4	Diagnostics in Speech Pathology JADICSM	
\$ 3	Articulation Disorders 22 201 hlbquo IIA	
A 1	Differential Diagnostics A 6 Laboratory in Audiometry	
A 2	Audiometry with Children A 7 Experimental	Audio- logy
A 3	Speech, Hearing and commu- A 8 Acoustics nication	1083
w earse	as a sad of sales I you a To A 9 Speech Reading	g
A 4	Hearing Aids and Auditory Training Al2 Tutorials	
A 5	Electronics	
	(A 10 which is clinical work has been included	in

the practicals for various subjects)

Choice of courses of specilisation - either speech pathology or audiology - will be made in toto, before the beginning of the second year. No piecemeal electives will be offered. This choice will be at the end of the first year taking into account the interest of the student, the academic background of the student and the aptitude as observed during the first year. See Appendix A for the detailed curricula.

HOW TO APPLY

progress

Applications will be called for before the commencement of the courses every year, and an admission notice will be published in leading newspapers in India. Following this, the applications can be obtained on request from the Director by paying Rs. 3/- either in cash or through M.O. If required, the candidates will be called for an interview at Mysore and they will have to appear for the same at their own expens All those candidates who have been selected for the course wi be sent a communication, prescribing a time limit within whice they are to join the course.

II. THREE YEARS BACHELOR'S DEGREE COURSE IN SPEECH PATHOLOGY AND AUDIOLOGY

DURATION OF THE COURSE | DOLLAR | DELLAR | DELLA

The Institute offers a three years course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science (B.Sc) in Speech and Hearing of the University of Mysore.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADMISSION Estraminagement

Candidates who have passed the pre-university examination of the University of Mysore or of any other recognised Institution with Physics, Chemistry and Biology as their optional subjects are eligible for admission.

MEDICAL CERTIFICATES seems at solutions and

All candidates should produce a medical certificate before joining the course.

The rules and regulations governing attendance, progress and conduct, academic year and working hours are the same as those for the M.Sc course.

COURSE OF STUDY - Dans bug adired, does &

The course of study leading to the B.Sc degree will comprise the following

Electronics

I Year

logy

(adoe due

English

Basic Sciences - Physics and Mathematics

Basic Medical Sciences: Elementary Human Anatomy,
ed of the second of Physiology & Pathology
Essentials of Medicine &
ed to the second of the

Introduction to Psychology and Social Dynamics

Linguistics and Phonetics rest parts of

Introduction to Speech Pathology and Audiology

II year

Psychology he has reey view master ed

1. Developmental Psychology & Psychology of Learning

2. Introduction to clinical psychology and mental testing.

3. Statistics.

Speech Pathology

- 1. Introduction to Speech Pathology
- 2. Voice and Articulation
- 3. Organisation of Speech & Hearing centres.

Audiology

- 1. Speech Reading
- 2. Hearing Aids and Auditory Training
- 3. Introduction to Audiology

, III year

Speech Pathology

- 1. Speech therapeutic methods
- 2. Stuttering
- 3. Organic speech problems
- 4. Practicals

Audiology

- 1. Special tests in Audiometry
- 2. Education of the Aurally Handicapped
- 3. Supervised teaching of the deaf
- 4. Practicals

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

At the end of the first academic year a class examination will be held in the following subjects:-

English
Basic Sciences
Basic Medical Sciences
Phonetics and Linguistics

There shall be two public examinations one at the end of second academic year and the final at the end of the third academic year.

The class examination at the end of first academic year shall consist of four theory papers of three hours duration carrying 100 marks each. Passing the class examination is compulsory for all the candidates.

A candidate who has not passed the class examination wi not be eligible to appear for the public examination. Howe he will be permitted to enter the next year and has to succe fully complete the class examination in the subjects which we held at intervals of four months, twice a year (i.e., in August: and December every year)

The public examination at the end of the second academi year shall consist of three theory papers of 100 marks each three hours duration in two parts.

- Part I Consist of two theory papers in Psychology.
 - 1. Developmental Psychology and Psychology of learning.
 - 2. Introduction to clinical Psychology and Mental Testing.
- Part II Consists of one theory paper in statistics.

20% in each of these 3 papers shall be set apart for assessment of class marks.

The public examination at the end of the 3rd academic year shall consist of 6 theory papers of three hours duration of 100 marks each. 20% of each theory paper will be set apa for assessment of practical and clinical class work throughouthe three years. There shall be no practical examinations.

B.Sc final - Public Examination

Part I - Speech Pathology

Paper I - Introduction to Speech Pathology and Voice and Articulation.

Paper II - Speech Therapeutic methods and organisation of Speech and Hearing Centers.

Paper III- Stuttering and organic Speech problems.
Practicals (class assessment)

Part II - Audiology

Paper I - Speech Reading, Hearing Aids & Auditory Training

Paper II - Education of the Aurally Handicapped

Paper III- Introduction to Audiology and Special tests in Audiology

Practicals - (Class Assessment)

II. APPEARANCES FOR PUBLIC EXAMINATION

Candidates appearing for the public examinations at the end of 2nd and 3rd academic years shall apply for all the parts in each examination when appearing for the first time. These examinations shall be held twice a year.

If a candidate fails in a part or parts will appear for all the papers of that part or parts at the next examination.

MINIMA FOR A PASS

- (a) No candidate shall be declared to have passed in the class examination in the basic subjects held at the end of the first year unless he obtains not less than 35% of marks in each subjects.
- (b) No candidate shall be declared to have passed in the public examination held at the end of the second year in the subjects mentioned unless he obtains the minimum of 30% in each paper and an aggregate of not less than 35% in each part.
- (c) No candidate shall be declared to have passed in the final examination held at the end of the 3rd year unless he obtains not less than 35% of marks in each paper and an aggregate of not less than 40% marks in each of the two parts.
- (d) A candidate who fails to secure the minimum for a pass in the public examination at the end of the 2nd year shall be permitted to the third year class. But he should successfully complete the same at least 6 months prior to appearing for the final examination.

CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

Successful candidates at the public examination shall be classed in the respective parts on the basis of the aggregate marks.

First class .. Those who obtain not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in the part.

Second class .. Those who obtain less than 60% of the aggregate marks in the part, but not less than 50%

Third class .. Other successful candidates.

The names of those who pass in the I and II class shall be published in the order of merit and the names of those who pass in III class, shall be published in the alphabetical order.

REAPPEARANCE FOR THE DEGREE

No candidate who has been declared to have passed in pa or parts of the public examinations shall be permitted to reappear again in the same part or parts.

MONTH OF EXAMINATIONS

The examinations shall be held in the month of March and September each year, or as may be decided by the University of Mysore.

FEES

Examination fee II year Examination fee III year Marks card fee	45=00 60=00 2=00
Calendar and Journal Registration fee (University) Admission fee	6=00 3=00 5=00
Library fee	2=00 6=00
Sports fee Students Reading room fee Association	4=00
Medical fee Caution deposit(refundable)	2=00 150=00
Total	1 78=00

HOW TO APPLY

The procedure for applying to the B.Sc course is same as that for M.Sc.

III. GENERAL

PROSPECTS FOR THE GRADUATES IN THE AREA

There is a great demand for the qualified persons in this field to help those millions who are suffering from the disorders of speech and hearing. At present there are not many centres in the country which are engaged in this type of work and the Central and State Governments are going to open speech and hearing centres in all the major hospitals where the graduates of this institute will take up diagnostic, therapeutic and research work. The increase in number of rehabilitation programmes and expanding medical and auxilliary services in the country create a wide choice of jobs and excellent prospects for employment. Apart from the hospitals, these speech patho logists and audiologists will find employment in rehabilitation centres, special schools for the handicapped or deaf as well as in regular schools for screening students for these defects Some may prefer private practice for which there is a great demand and some may prefer teaching positions and become lecturers and professors at the training centres for speech therapists and audiologists. There is also very good scope to tak up research as a career in speech pathology and audiology.

LIBRARY OF THE INSTITUTE

The Institute has its own library which is a special library, having books mainly concerned with the fields of study of the Institute.

The students are allowed to borrow the books. It has a well furnished room, in which the students can easily consult the books, they require.

The library is subscribing to the important journals in the fields concerned to the study of the courses and for research.

The Institute library also contains the Wendell Johnson library, a collection of books, journals and other reading materials donated by the United States of America.

In addition to this, arrangements have been made to make use of the University library, by the students and staff of the institute, where a huge collection of books and journals are available.

CLINICAL SERVICES AND THE DEPART-

The Institute provides clinical service to those who are suffering from speech and hearing disorders. The Institute has got at present the departments of Audiology, Speech Pathology and Psychology which are actively engaged in the diagnostic therapeutic and research activities. The clinic provides the following services:-

SPEECH PATHOLOGY

No adequate survey have been carried out to estimate the number of people with speech defects. However experience shows that the number is very high. Speech defects vary greatly in type and in severity. Some are organic in nature, others are of a functional nature. Some of the speech problems are amenable to medical and surgical treatment. The aim of the Institute is to minimise the communication difficulty of the cases by providing therapy and training. At present the clinic provides for diagnosis, therapy and counselling services for the following speech problems:

- 1. Stuttering (Stammering) and delivers
- 2. Cleft Palate (people with hypernasal voices)
 - 3. Voice Disorders: Voicelessness, Males who speak like females and viceversa, hoarse voice whispered voice etc.,
 - 4. Aphasia : Speech and language problems associated with paralytic strokes.

- Laryngectomees
- people whose larynx (voice box) has been removed.
- problems
- 6. Articulatory Indistinct speech, Baby talk.
- 7. Cerebral Palsy Difficulties of movement of limbs, tongue, lips etc
 - Delayed language and speech development.

AUDIOLOGY: (Hearing) of Man word affect of

Hearing surveys have shown that 10-15 of the school go children in India suffer from a hearing loss which range fr a mild to a severe loss. This constitutes a serious econo cal and social problem both to the individuals and the soci The individual's education is affected and so is his commun cation and effective participation in social activities.

> It is essential that hearing problems be detected at early age (preferably before the age of 3 years) if rehabil tation is to be effective. Education of children where hearing loss is detected after five years of age is very discult. The earlier the rehabilitation measures are started the better are their chances of success.

A severe hearing loss or deafness is a great handicap t a child because it hinders the acquisition of speech and lan guage. A child who does not hear the words which he can im tate cannot acquire speech and language. The hard of heari who hear only partially imitate what they hear and therefore their . speech is misarticulated. It is necessary that the persons receive medical aid where possible, be fitted with aids where required and given special training like speech r ding if they are to overcome the handicap of hearing loss. Even when the hearing is lost after speech has been acquired unless proper measures are taken a persons speech tends to b come slurred and indistinct. The older person who acquires a hearing loss needs special hearing therapy to prevent a deterioration of his speech. The hearing clinic at the Institute provides diagnostic facilities and also treatment and counselling facilities for :-

> All types of hearing problems including deafness both in children and adults. The facilities available are as follows :-

- Diagnostic facilities including Audiometry.
- 2. Medical advice and treatment.
- 3. Counselling.
- 4. Parent Education.
- 5. Fitting of hearing aids and maintenance of hearing aid.
- 6. Therapy classes for the hard of hearing.

(Education of the deaf is a full time programme that extends over a number of years. Their rehabilitation involves a total programme of education which includes among others speech and language. At present the institute is not equipped to provide this full programme necessary for these children)

CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY

Speech and for hearing problems need to be examined for possible psychological problems associated with them. Hearing and speech impairment inevitably have some undesirable consequences on the development and adjustment of the individual. And indeed in a few cases the entire difficulty could be traced to certain psychological problems as in the case of hysterical aphonia. Hearing impairment in young children is known to have quite severe effects on the mental development and this needs to be systematically evaluated. More often cases with speech problems exhibit difficulties in adjustment for which they need psychotherapeutic help. And in general, all parents of speech and hearing handicapped children need counselling.

The Institute has a team of qualified clinical psychologists who actively participate in the day to day service of the patients. Patients with speech and hearing disorders get the benefit of psychological investigations. The main areas touched upon are memory, intellectual abilities, aptitudes, personality and personality deviations.

Therapeutic work also is envisaged in their service. At present a number of stammerers are attending the clinic and getting the benefit of treatment. Wherever indicated psychotherapy is given as an adjunct treatment with other forms of speech training or auditory training. Of late a parent counselling programme has been started once a week on Saturdays.

SPECIALISTS FROM MYSORE MEDICAL COLLEGE

Professor of medicine and Professor of paediatrics of the Mysore Medical College are visiting consultants in the Institute. Cases which need to be examined by these specialists are presented to them for their advise.

WORKING HOURS

Office .. 10.00 A.M. to 5.00 P.M.

Clinic .. 3.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M.

Application

Applicants for clinical services should attach copies of all medical reports of the case or person to be sent here, also giving a brief history of the child indicating when the child's/patient's speech and/or hearing difficulties, were first observed.

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DURATION OF EXAMINATIONS

Detailed examinations of speech, hearing and psycholog functions take a long time and may even be extended over a days. This is especially, true where the hearing of young children is to be tested. The co-operation of the child he to be gained first before any testing is made possible. W coming for the first examination cases will have to be prepared red to spend a few days in Mysore. Whenever possible it is visible to write for an appointment. As far as possible the parents children to be examined should accompany the children

e often cases

CHARGES

No charges will be made for the services provided by the Institute. However the cases/patients may have to pay any charges payable to the K.R. Hospital, Mysore for any examination or treatment received there.

At present the Institute does not have any residential cilities for patients, or their relatives. As a temporary measure 20 beds - are made available at the Mysore Medical College Hospitals for non ambulant cases.

DURATION OF STAY

To my VIS It is very difficult to clearly state how much time will be needed for the evaluation and treatment of hearing and speech defects,. This depends on many factors and therefore the total period will vary from case to case. Some cases ma need a few days while other may need several weeks of treatment.

As far as possible the therapy will be conducted in the mother tongue of the patient either directly or through an in torpreter. When this is not possible English will have to b the language of therapy.

AGE OF THE PATIENT

It is requested that cases be brought to the Institute as soon as a hearing and speech defect is noticed. Early diagnosis and early treatment go a long way towards the successful treatment of these disorders.

> It is also important to note that the treatment of speech and hearing problems require the active co-operation of the patient, his parents and his family. The duration and success of the treatment and therapy will depend a great deal on such co-operation.

RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

Several research projects dealing with various aspects of speech and hearing problems have been planned and collaboration on some of these with institutions in U.S.A. are under consider ration. Research is an integral part of the training programme towards M.Sc and all the students will be expected to take up individual problems.

HOSTEL

The first phase of the hostel at Manasagangothri is complete and has been allotted to the lady students of the Institute.

The men students will continue to be accommodated at the Maharaja's College Hostel Students staying in the Maharaja's College Hostel should strictly adhere to the rules and regulations of that hostel.

RULES REGARDING THE INSTITUTE HOSTEL

- 1. (a) All applications for admission or re-admission to hostels shall be addressed to the warden. They will be registered in the order in which they are received. Applications will be considered by the Director, in consultation with the warden and the names of persons selected for admission notified on the hostel's notice boards. The period in respect of admissions made during course of an academic year will expire at the end of that year and admissions will be made a fresh every year.
- (b) Every application for admission or re-admission to the hostels should be accompanied with a registration fee of Re. 1/- which will be credited to Hostel fund. This fee is not refundable. Those who are granted admission should pay an admission fee of Rs. 2/- at the time of joining the hostel.
- 2. (a) The allotment of rooms will be at the descretion of the warden. Every member shall occupy the room assigned to him or her by the warden and shall on no account change for another, unless permitted to do so, by the warden. The occupants of the room shall be liable to pay for the repair of any damage done to the fittings and furniture of the room. The hostel authorities shall not be responsible for the loss or damage to the student's private property. Every student admitted to the hostel shall be required to pay in advance the rent and other charges as prescribed by the Institute from time to time.
 - (b) Each resident, on admission, will be required to pay Rs. 150 (Rupees One Hundred and Fifty only) as the Hostel Deposit, which will be returned at the time of his/her leaving the hostel every year, after adjusting any liabilities due to the hostel.
 - (c) The Director will have the right to refuse admission to any applicant without assigning reasons.
 - 3. (a) The hostel establishment shall be under the direct control of the warden. Appointments etc., of members of establishment for the hostel and mess will, however, be made by the Director.
- (b) The warden is responsible for proper maintenance of accounts in respects of the hostels, which he or she is in charge. If necessary, service of a clerk with experience in accounts may be made available to the warden for rendering assistance.

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- (c) The warden shall take rounds of the hostel buil periodically and report to the Director, on the urgent repart and improvements needed for the hostel to be carried out.
- (d) Complaints against servants, if any, should be me to the warden in writing. No member shall demand any spec service from the hostel servants, except through the warden

4. DISCIPLINE

- (i) Students shall keep their rooms scrupulously clea
- (ii) All inmates are expected to be in the hostels by p.m.except with the special permission of the war
- (iii) Members are not allowed to hold any meetings in the hostel without the previous sanction of the warder in writing.
 - (iv) No circular or subscription list shall be taken round to the members, without the permission of the warden.
 - (v) Members shall refrain from playing music, singing making noise in the hostel.
- (vi) Room lights must be switched off when a room is no in use. Verandah and passage lights shall be pu out at 10.30 P.M. Boarders should not use electrical equipment like fans, iron and heaters etc.,
- (vii) Members are particularly advised to be economical the use of both electricity and water supply.
 - (viii) No member may absent himself from the hostel, with previous intimation to the warden.
 - (x) No member shall stay away from the hostel at night without the previous permission of the warden.
 - (x) Members are requested to preserve discipline in the hostel by observing the above rules strictly. The warden shall take notice of any breach of the rules
- (xi) The members, whose conduct and behaviour is observe to be unsatisfactory, will be liable to be evicted from the hostel and also may disqualify themselves for admission to the hostels. The parents or guar dians of such students shall, however, be appraised of the situation before hand.
 - 5. In the case of the ladies' hostel, any member wishing to go to places other than the institute or library shall inform the warden previously and the full address of the place to which she goes should be entered in the book kept for that purpose. Every member shall be in the hostel before 7 p.m. unless permitted by the warden to be late on that particular day. No member shall stay for a night or spend the weeks end without previously obtaining permission from the warden and

without a letter to the warden from her parent or guardian containing the names, relationship and addresses of friends or relations, with whom they allow their daughters to spend the night or week end. No member should leave the hostel without the permission of the warden and the Director of the Institute. For leaving the hostel, her parents or guardians should apply to the Director, stating the place to which she is to go. Visitors shall obtain the permission of the warden to see their friends in the hostel. Each visitor will enter his or her name, relationship, designation and address and the name of the student visited in the visitor's register. Visiting hours shall be between 4 and 6 p.m. on saturdays and sundays.

The names of persons, who are the relatives of the ladystudents and are likely to visit, must be made known before hand i.e., before actual admission into the hostels, along with the addresses, relationship etc. In the case of defaulters, serious view will be taken, which may result in their removal from the hostels with or without notice.

6. ILLNESS

All cases of illness shall be immediately reported to the warden. The warden will make necessary arrangements and shall use his own discretion as to whether the patient may be removed to a hospital or treated in the hostel.

7. For the time being there will be one vegetarian mess. It is compulsory for the students staying in the hostel to be, members of the mess.

- 8. (a) The mess will have a perfect, selected by the warden once a month among the inmates of the hostel. The perfect shall be responsible for the purchase of all provisions and vegetables. They should maintain proper accounts for amounts received and expended by them and obtain bills and vouchers for all items except for purchase of vegetables and petty bazar articles. The warden may give them suitable advances, the accounts maintained by them being scrutnised regularly once in three days. No fresh advances should be given until the advance previously given are fully accounted for. The prefect shall on no account delegate the duties in respect of the purchase of stores, to hostel servants or to other persons except for minor purchases. The prefects should assist in the issue of rations as far as possible.
- (b) It is imperative on the part of every member of the mess to abide by the rules and regulation of the mess in force.
- (c) Membership is not transferrable, either temporarily or permanently. No member can depute another person in place of himself.
- (d) Every member shall pay the full mess charges for the preceding month on or before the 10th of the succeeding month to the hostel clerk and shall insist on a valid receipt being issued immediately with the signature of the warden. The accounts and charges per individual member for the month will be notified on or before the 5th of the succeeding month.

- (e) In special cases, the Director may permit payments of mess charges till the end of succeeding month and regover a fine of 00=25 nP for each day delayed after 10th. Members failing to pay the mess charges by the end of the succeeding month shall forthwith forfeit his membership and shall not be allowed to partake in the mess from the next day. Such member is also liable to be removed from the Hostel after du notice.
 - (f) In case it becomes necessary, the warden may change the date for the receipt of the mess charges after an approximate from the Director.
 - (g) <u>Concessions</u>: Unless a member is continuously at sent for a minimum of 3 full days with prior intimation to t prefect, he is not entitled to any reduction in his mess charges. Reduction of mess charges will be worked out on the basis of the actual total expenditure of the month concerned
 - (h) <u>Guests</u>: Guests of the members are eligible to partake food etc., provided by the mess, on payments of guest charges prescribed or to be prescribed from time to time. guest is allowed only for a limited, temporary and occassion visit sufficient notice of his visit being given to the pref previously. No guests to stay in the hostel without previously permission from the warden. The prefect, with the prior approach of the warden, can refuse to admit guest or guests without assigning reasons.
 - (i) Extra Charges: Members wishing to have extras in dishes, ghee, milk etc., can have them on payment of the precribed charges.
 - (j) Breakfasts, meals, tea etc., will be available onlduring the notified hours and members coming after the notified hours are not bound to be served. Meals will not be served rooms except in case of illness and with the permission of twarden.
 - (k) Staff of the Institute wishing to join the mess made so, after obtaining written sanction of the Director and they shall be considered as special members of the mess and shall have all the benefits of membership on payment of the charges prescribed for a member. They are governed by the same rules as any other member.
 - (1) The staff of the kitchen are to be treated courteously and shall not be dealt with directly for indiscipline discrepancies. Any complaints should be lodged in writing the Register of complaints, specially kept for that purpose.
 - (m) Constructive suggestions to improve the mess are a ways welcome and the members are requested to put up their suggestions in writing in the suggestion register, which will reviewed by the warden and if feasible, will be put into practice.

9. No student in arrears of hostel dues will be permitted to send up his application for a University Examination or sit for a class examination until the arrears are completely paid. No boarder in arrears shall be eligible for election.

10. All inmates of the hostels will abide by the above rules and the modifications issued from time to time, to these rules.

11. PAYMENTS (a) ANNUAL PAYMENTS

Registration 1=00

Admission 2=00

Annual depreciation fee
(for cooking utensils 10=00 etc)
Medical fee 2=00
Annual Hostel Deposits 150=00

(b) OTHER PAYMENTS

Room rent per term(2 per terms teperyear)

Single room 60=00 (per head)

Double or 40=00 trible room (per head)

Establish 8=00
ment
(Monthly)
Water and 2=00
Electricity

DISCIPLINE DECLARATION

I, son/daughter, of of

class, A.I.I.S.H, Mysore, do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that I am fully aware of the rules and regulations of the hostel and I am bound myself to obey those rules and regulations. I also declare that I will take care of all the hostel articles, books and furniture entrusted to me and I will be responsible to make good any loss or damage to the hostel property. I agree to take the decisions of the warden as final.

Station:
Date:

Signature of the Applicant Countersigned by Signature of the parent/Guardian.

N.B: Subsidiary rules not inconsistent with the above rules

THE ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF SPEECH & HEARING ASSOCIATION

- 1. There shall be a properly organized Association, consisting of its students and teaching staff, called "The All Ind Institute of Speech and Hearing Association " in the A.I.I.S Mysore.
 - (i) (a) to promote social, cultural, physical and mental well being of the students and also to promote social life corporate feelings amongst students and the members of teaching staff.
 - (b) to train the students for social service and for leadership.
 - (c) to help the students develop intellectual abilities, moral qualities, natural gifts and talents.
 - (d) to train the students in the art of self government.
 - (e) to organize study circles and such other activities to foster academic interests.
 - (ii) The means for attainment of the above objects shall be through :-
 - (a) organising informal meetings on significant occassions, lectures and debates.
 - (b) Maintaining recreation halls, reading rooms etc.,
 - (c) conducting fine arts, sports, dramatic debating and such other activities as may be decided by the President of the Association.
 - (d) organising social service activities in urban and rural areas to help the people in understanding the problems of speech and hearing.
- 2. Every student of the Institute shall be an ordinary member of the association and every member of the teaching staff shabe an "Honorary Member". Every ordinary member of the association shall pay an annual subscription towards the association and sports etc., as may be fixed by the President. An honorary member may pay an annual donation to the funds of the association. Every member shall have the right of participating in the activities of the association and every member shall be entitled to participation in the Institution days and to have a copy of the Institute Magazine, when published.

3. ADMINISTRATION

- (a) The Director of the Institute shall be the President of the Association.
- (b) The management of the Association shall be vested in the management committee, consisting of the following.

The President

The Vice President

The Treasurer

The General Secretary

The Sports Secretary

One Representative from each class

4. ELECTIONS

The President shall fix a day for electing the student office bearers. There will be atleast seven days notice of the date for the election and at least three days notice for receiving nomination in a prescribed form. The nominated members will be notified by the President 3 days before the election day. The election shall be by secret ballot. In the event of a tie the President shall cast the deciding vote. In the event of the required number of candidature not being received the vacancies shall be filled in by nomination by the President. In case of any special events concerning elections and their results, the decision of the President shall be final. The Vice President and the Treasurer will be the members of staff, nominated by the President.

5. THE QUORUM

The quorum for the meeting of the managing committee shall be the one third of the total number of the committee members. When a meeting of the managing committee is adjourned for want of quorum, no quorum is necessary for such an adjourned meeting, members present shall form the quorum.

The managing committee shall constitute sub committees when necessary for various different activities.

The managing committee will meet as often as necessary but not less than twice a year. The Secretary will prepare the agenda of the managing committee in consultation with the members of the committee. Every business of the association including purchases, sales payments etc., shall require the sanction of the managing committee or that of the President in case of Urgency. The general Secretary shall work as the Secretary of the committee. The agenda for the general body will be prepared by the managing committee.

6. GENERAL BODY

The general body of the association consists of all the ordinary members and honorary members and it shall meet once in every year during the first term to approve the business conducted by the managing committee during the proceeding year and to sanction the budget for the current year, to discuss and decide such other items, as may be placed before it by the President. Seven days prior notice to the members shall be

necessary for this meeting and the quorum shall be 10 perc of the total number of members of the association. Extra ordinary general body meetings may be summoned by the Pres dent on receipt of a requisition of 20 per cent of the mem for any specific purpose giving a notice of atleast 3 days

All business in the general body meeting as well as the managing committee meetings shall be decided by a majority votes of the members present. The President shall have a casting vote in case of a tie.

The President shall have the power of vetoing the decisions of the general bodies, managing committee and sub-conttee and of certifying the passage of any measure, which is his opinion is necessary for proper management of the association. He shall have also the powers, in cases of special cessity and emergencies, to sanction the expenditure from association budget, to the extent necessary, for any specific purpose. He may disallow any subject brought before any ting and permit consideration of any request not in the age of the meeting.

The President shall preside over the meetings of the general bodies and the managing committee. In the absence of the President Vice-President shall preside over such meeting and he shall be competent to exercise all the powers of the President on such occassions.

7. CORRESPONDENCE

The routine correspondence of the association shall be conducted by the general secretary, under the direction of President. The correspondence with the University, Predent and Chairman of the General Council and Executive Council and other higher authorities in the state or outside shall however be conducted by the President. The Secretary shall be responsible for the issue of notices of the meetings etc and also for maintenance of the minute books of the general body, managing committee etc. The president may nominate elected member of the association as Joint Secretary to hel the General Secretary in his work. In the absence of the General Secretary he will be carrying out all the duties an functions of the General Secretary.

8. SUBSIDIARY RULES

Subsidiary rules not inconsistent with the above rules necessary for conducting the business of the association and of its constituent bodies may be prepared by the President consultation with the Managing Committee and notified in the Association Office.

The Association clerk shall maintain a dead stock register. The Vice-President shall have power to sell or dispose off superfluous, useless or unserviceable stock in consultation with the President after observing the formalities

At the first meeting of the managing committee, the general secretary shall present a statement of accounts for t past year, amount of the reserve fund and estimated receipt during the current year. The tenure of the office bearers will be for a period of one year from june to june.

9. EXTRA POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT

The President shall have the power in all cases not herein provided for, to take such action as may be necessary to promote the objects and interests of the Association and its constituent bodies if any. Disciplinary action against the defaulters, as may be necessary, shall be taken only by the President. The President shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Association and he may for this purpose, requisition the services of the members of the managing committee to the extent necessary.

DISCIPLINARY REGULATIONS

GENERAL

All the students must observe the rules and regulations of the Institute and of the hostels in which they reside. Proper behaviour is essential in this situation because the good of the student body and also the reputation of the Institute are involved. Good public relations are an asset to any Institution and more so with this Institute whose ofe of the objectives is to serve people. A serious view will be taken of breaches of discipline particularly those involving lack of self restraint and a failure to live up to obligations. Repeated misconduct may result in the dismissal of the student concerned.

ABSENCE AND LEAVE

1. Any student who absents himself without leave (unless such leave is satisfactorily explained) shall be punished by his loosing attendance for two days for every one days absence.

The stipendaries will loose half a day's stipend if they abstain for one period and they will loose the whole day's stipend if they abstain for two or more periods.

- 2. If a student absents himself without leave for more than ten consecutive days, his name will be removed from the register and he will be readmitted only on the payment of a prescribed readmission fee.
- 3. The stipendiary candidates are entitled for seven days of casual leave, and for 21 days leave on Medical Grounds subject to the production of medical certificate from an authorised civil assistant surgeon, Grade I.
- 4. Students when attacked with illness are to report the same in writing to the Director and are to produce a Medical Certificate from a registered medical practitioner.
- 5. Any student absenting himself for the purposes of attending a police office or any law court shall be subjected to the same penalty as if absent without leave, unless he can produce a certificate that his attendance was necessary in the concerned office.

- 6. Leave of absence during the vacation shall be granted only to those students whose progress and conduct have bee satisfactory.
- 7. Application for leave from a student living in a host must be countersigned by the concerned warden of the hoste

CLASS ROOM

- 1. On the teacher entering his class room, the students rise and remain standing till they are asked to sit or till the teacher takes his seat.
 - 2. No student shall be allowed to leave the class room wi out the permission of his teacher or until the class is dismissed.
 - 3. Students are expected to assemble in the class room at the appointed hour, when the roll shall be called and the a sence of any student noted. The students are required to stand up and answer their names. A student coming into the class room after roll call may be refused admission or deprived of attendance. He shall not enter the class late with out permission.
 - 4. A student who disturbs a class in any manner or does n keep discipline may be expelled from the class by the teach A pupil so expelled shall be deemed to be absent for two periods without leave. The teachers decision shall be final

BOOKS AND APPARATUS

- 1. Every student shall provide himself with all the prescibed text books and necessary instruments.
- 2. Every student, to whom books or other property of the I titute are entrusted, shall be held responsible for their pr servation in good condition and in the event of their being lost or damaged, they shall be required to replace them or defray their cost.
- 3. Any student breaking or injuring any Institute property shall be required to pay the cost of repair or replacement. In case of wilful damage, he shall also be punished in such manner as the Director may think fit. The student may not be required to pay the cost if the teacher in charge certificant that the breakage was purely due to accident and not due to any neglect on the part of the student.

DRESS

All students should be dressed cleanly and tidely. Suitable foot wear should be worn.

GENERAL

1. All the students must observe the rules and regulations of the Institute and of the hostels in which they reside. P per behaviour is essential in this situation because the goo of the student body and also the reputation of the Institute

are involved. Good public relations are an asset to any Institution and more so with this institute whose one of the objectives is to serve people. A serious view will be taken of breaches of discipline particularly those involving lack of self restraint and a failure to live up to obligations. Repeated misconduct may result in the dismissal of the student concerned.

- 2. Each student is required to attend punctually at the stated hours for the lecture, seminars, conferences and clinical work.
- 3. Every student must attend at least 75 percent of the total number of classes for the year to enable him to obtain a certificate of attendance. For the M.Sc students the attendance will not be condoned under any circumstances beyond 25% and for the B.Sc students it may be condoned only under exceptional circumstances.
- 4. "Attendance Certificate", prescribed by the University, shall not be granted to any student unless he has shown satisfactory progress to the authorities responsible for granting the certificate and until he has paid all demands against him.
- 5. Students should attend all class and sessional examinations. Applications for leave of absence from, the sessional examinations should be made through the head of the department concerned. Exemption from attendance will be granted only under exceptional circumstances. The absentees may be given a written examination by the teacher without further notice. If they fail to take this examination also they will be awarded zero marks for that particular examination. However if a candidate absents himself from an examination without the permission or the reasons given by him are not satisfactory, he would be considered to have failed in the examination. In addition, they are liable to be detained in the same class or may not be permitted to sit for the University Examination.
- 6. At all examinations, whether class examinations, monthly tests or sessional examinations, students are forbidden to take into the examination hall text books, notes or manuscripts of any kind. Any student detected violating this rule or having recourse to unfair practices will be removed from the examination room and the occurrance will be reported to the Director.
- 7. No student or groups of students shall form an unauthorised association or organisation. They shall not arrange any unauthorised meetings and functions for any purposes. Students shall not go on strikes, and shall not attend strikes and demonstrations atother colleges/institutions. The Director might take any action that he thinks is necessary including suspension of stipend and dismissal from the Institute.
- 8. Students indulging in any other kinds of undesirable activities will be punished severely. If deemed necessary, they will be dismissed from the Institute.

- 9. Misappropriation of any property or funds of the Institute or of any recognised organisations of the Institute bethe students will be discharged from the Institute.
- 10. No game of any sort is to be played during the workin hours of the Institute.
- 11. Smoking within the class room, library and clinic is hibited.
- 12. The Director may place himself in communication, wher necessary, with the parents or guardians of the students wastendance is irregular and conduct unsatisfactory. Students who are incorrigible even after the warnings shall loose to stipend and further are liable for discharge from the Inst.
 - 13. The Director may issue from time to time with the approval of the appropriate authority, any other disciplinary manufacture regulating the conduct of students, with a view to maintain the discipline and dismity of the Institute.

RAILWAY TRAVEL CONCESSION FOR STUDENTS

RAILWAY CONCESSIONS

Railway concession is available for the bonafide stude for travelling between their college and home, on education tours and for participation in recognised sports tournament

Concession tickets will be issued directly by the statemaster on production of a concession certificate, duly certified and signed by the Head of the Institution to the statimaster concerned. The form of certificate for rail concession is standardised and is available with the head of the Institution. The concession certificate will be in 3 folion to the form duly filled may be sent to the station, upto 15 dain advance of the date of Journey.

ALL INDIA INSTITUTE OF SPEECH AND HEARING MYSORE - 5

COURSE OUTLINES FOR THE M.SC DEGREE *

TITLE - INTRODUCTION TO SPEECH PATHOLOGY

Number - B-1 (M. Sc)

Descri- - Introduction to speech and disorders of speech and an over all view of different types of speech disorders and methods of treatment.

Objectives- 1. To develop a knowledge of the different types and causes of speech handicaps.

- 2. To understand normal speech and language development and to learn what might happen to cause deviation.
- 3. To establish an understanding of the speech and hearing problems on a child's development.
- 4. To introduce the students to various methods of therapy.
- 5. To help understand the role of the speech therapist in therapy with cases.

Topical - Speech: Characteristics of Normal Speech outline Development of Speech.

Speech Defects

Types of Disorders

Test, Methods and Rationale for therapy for various problems.
Misarticulation, stuttering (stammering)
voice problems, cleft palate, other organic problems, delayed speech.

Methods of Therapy

Role of the speech therapist.

Relationship to other disciplines.

Procedu- - res emp-

loyed

1. Lectures

2. Discussions

3. Demonstrations

4. Case findings

5. Special reports independent readings.

^{*} The Copies of the syllabi approved by the University of Mysore are available in the Library.

Text and collateral - Van Riper Readings.

Eisenson

Principles of Speech Thera Speech Disord

West, Kennedy .. Karr.

Rehabilitatio Speech.

COURSE OUTLINE

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TITLE

INTRODUCTION TO AUDIOLOGY

Number

B - 2

Description

Fundamental aspects of hearing; natu testing and rehabilitation.

Objectives

- To introduce the student to the field of Audiology and the role of Audiologist.
- 2. To provide background, theory and a fundamental knowledge of the technical ques involved in the use of the Audi metry for the detection and evaluati of hearing loss.

- Applied anatomy, and physiology
- Physics of sound/theories of hear
- 3. Measurement of hearing/decibel co cepts.
- 4. Thresholds of hearing. Audiometri zero.
- Hearing loss causes, medical an surgical treatment.
- Tuning fork tests.
- Audiometry definition, its deve lopment and its scope.
- 8. Audiometry in children.
- Basic tests pure tone air and b conduction tests.
- 10. Special tests Bekesy, PGSR EEG tests.
- 11. Tests for functional deafness.
- 12. Masking types of masking. Uses masking.
- 13. Speech audiometry, its development and its use.
- 14. Interpretation of test results.

Procedures employed.

Lectures.

Discussions.

Demonstrations and practical work with cases.

Text and References.

Davis H., and Silverman S.R. Hearing and Deafness, Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc (1960) New York.

Newby H, <u>Audiology</u> Appleton - Century Crofts (1964) New York.

O'Neill, J.J. & Oyer H.J. Applied Audiometry Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc (1966) New York.

Articles suggested from time to time

COURSE OUTLINE

TITLE INTRODUCTION TO AURALLY HANDICAPPED

Number .. B - 3

Description .. Principles and methods of assessing and diagnosing the hearing loss. Goals of habilitation and rehabilitation. Theory and Methodology in therapy to the aurally handicapped.

Objectives

1. To familiarise the student with the problems of hearing loss, causes of hearing loss. Assessment, Diagnosis and Treatments of hearing loss.

2. To acquaint the student with the principles of and application of modern methods and techniques in therapy.

- 3. To acquaint the student with the principles of and necessity for amplification for the hearing impaired through hearing aids, auditory training unit. Proper selection and a balanced use of the different aids commercially available.
- 4. A working knowledge of the educational psychological and social aspects of hearing loss.

Topical outline

History of the deaf
Hearing problems
Degrees of loss causes
Goals in rehabilitation, Medical
and Surgical Possibilities.

Hearing aids
Auditory Training
Educational placements of the aurally
handicapped - normal class.
Segregation, normal + special class.
Medium of instruction - manual, oral.
Aural - combined, simultaneous.

Language; methods and steps; language

1 . 17 Mate 1 . 7.

Speech for the deaf - TVA. Visible Speech Special instruments.

Vocational rehabilitation.

Problems of pre school deaf children

Parent counselling - correspondence course via., John Tracy Clinic.

Procedures employed

Bar . .

Text and Collateral readings.

1. Lectures 2. Discussions 3. Demontions 4. Collateral readings 5. Sem nars 6. Student reports on collateral readings and clinical work 7. Practical and Examination and Therapy.

l. Davis and silverman .. Hearin deafne

2. Newby .. Audiolo

B. Hirsh .. Measure

of hear Teachin Deaf ch dren to

Ewing talk.

New opp

e Ewing dren.
Educati
guidanc

deaf ch

the dea

or Groht

Natural

8. Decarle languag

9. Oyer HJ .. Auditor communication

10. Myclebust H .. Auditor disorder in child

Journals and periodicals includes the current research of to-day.

- 1. Case histories.
- 2. (a) Observation and teaching practice in schools for the deaf
 - (b) Instruments.
- 3. Audiological test instruments and materials.

Supplementary material

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portact of schools as nothing on	i3
TITLE	ANATOMY
Number	B - 4
Description	Basic introduction to human anatom and physiology with special refe- rance to peripheral and central me chanism of oratory, articulatory, respiratory and phonetical.
Objectives	To familiarize the student with ba sic information as a basis for.
density of the section of the sectio	(a) Recognising organic problems in persons with speech and hearing disorders.
Appropriate the contract and appropriate the contract and	(b) Carrying out research projects
trebus violations associated a court	(c) Further study of physiological processes.
antiques is antique	(d) Understanding the nature of physiological processes.
Topical outline	The Thorax
med silly tempeters to associate a	The Pharynx
long and the second and the second	Larynx, Nose, the oral cavities
Auditor of observation and date of the call of the cal	The ear, the various systems and the brain Neurological conditions in terms of signs.
Procedures employed	1. Lectures
entral L	2. Discussion
	3. Demonstrations.
Text references	Best and Taylor Human Body
To enable the thickens or angle the	Gray's Anatomy
eclaric of the stades of the plants.	Sylvistain Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses.
TITLE TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE	METHODS OF RESEARCH
Number	B - 5
the main and the second	

studies.

Principles underlying scientific methods of research and research designs. Methods of reporting, conducting and evaluating research

Description ..

Objectives	l. To introduce the students to basi principles of scientific method.
YMOTARA A - 6	2. To introduce the students to the rious aspects of planning and execut research studies.
Basic Introduction to mine a sparous basic- and chysiology with absental refo- rance to parlicheral and central me	reports.
chenism of outsing, sitioniather, respications, and manufitodi.	
Topical outlines	1. Methods of research in behaviour, sciences
at ameldorg output grining the income in the second and bearing the classical and classical an	2. Basis of research - the scientifi approach3. Problems and Hypotheses
*** Text and collateral readings.	4. Constructs and variables 5. Types of research experimental ar
There is no single t for this course. How following books are	ever survey research, action, fundamental and applied research.
1. Introduction to scientific method by Townsend.	5. Methods of Interence, MILLS Cambo
2.Foundations of be- havioural research by Kerlinger. 3.Research methods	11. Research designs
in behavioural sc- iences by Festinger and Katz.	12. Methods of observation and data collection; observation of behavious projective methods. 13. Analysis and interpretation
Procedure employed	14. The research report. Lactures; Discussion
TITLE HOLESHORK.	STATISTICS
Number	В - 6
Dewcription	To give an orientation to the student about the basic statistical methods.
Objective	1. To enable the student to apply the statistical methods on the clinical data.
	2. To train the student about applicat of statistical methods in research studies.
Topical outlines	 Methods of collecting data Organisation and presentation of statistical data.
nonge to a galvat have and a such	3. Measures of central tendency 4. Variability - measures of 5. Percentile rank
The state of the s	6. Standard scores 7. Probability and the normal curve.

Objectives Language Cogning

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- To introduce the students to basic 1. principles of scientific method.
- 2. To introduce the students to the various aspects of planning and executing research studies.
- 3. To enable the students in understanding and critically evaluating Research reports.
- 4. To equip the students with the basic knowledge necessary to undertake indepen dent research.

Topical outlines

their did oderilari.

- .. Nethods of research in behavioural scie-
 - 2. Basis of Research The scientific app-roach
 - 3. Problems and Hypotheses
- 4. Constructs and variables
 5. Types of research experimental and expost facto, laboratory experiments, fiel experiments, field studies and survey research, action, fundamental and applie research.
 - 6. Techniques of sampling
 - 7. Measurement, reliability & validity 8. Variance and variance control

 - 9. Methods of inference; Mill's cannons
 - 10. Techniques of equating experimental & Control groups - matching and randomiza-

 - 11. Research designs
 12. Methods of observation and data collection; observation of behaviour interviews and interview schedules, objective tests and scales, projective methods.
 - 13. Analysis and interpretation -
 - 14. The Research Report.

STATISTICS

Number

B - 6

Descriptions

To give an orientation to the student about the basia statistical methods.

Objective

- 1. To enable the student to apply the statistical methods on the clinical data.
- 2. To train the student about application of statistical methods in research studies.

Topical outline ..

- 1. Methods of collecting data
- 2. Organisation and presentation of statistical data.
- 3. Measures of central tendency.

4. Variability - measures of

5. Percentile rank

6. Standard scores

7. Probability and the normal curve

8. Sampling methods

9. Correlation and Regression

10. Tests of significance

11. Analysis of variance

12. Item analysis

13. Reliability

14. Validity

Procedure employed ...

Theoretical lectures, discussion, working out problems, periodical tests.

Tests & Collateral Readings

Text: 1. Statistics - H.E. Garre

References

1. Elementary Statistical thods - Blummers and Linquist.

TITLE

PSYCHOLOGY OF THE EXCEPTIONAL

Number

B - 7

Descriptions

The problems of normal and deviant child development, symptoms, diagrais and therapy of various types exceptionality.

Objectives

- 1. To introduce the students to be principles of child development.
- 2. To introduce the students to different types of exceptional child and to enable them to diagnose the symptoms of various exceptional cotions through simple procedures.
- 3. To enable the students to under stand them and evaluate the reaction of the parents of exceptional children.
- 4. To introduce the students to the basic principles of counselling the parents of exceptional children.
- 1. The normal and the exceptional 2. Brief account of normal child development intellectual development. Language Development.

Topical outlines

*Genetic Foundations -# Behaviour - Prenatal development.

- 3. The various types of exceptionally.
- (a) the intellectually exceptional
- (b) sensory exceptionality
- (c) neurologically exceptional
- (d) Emotionally exceptional
- (e) socially exceptional
 - 4. Age of onset and personality changes and needs of the exceptional.
 - 5. Testing the exceptional child
 - 6. Parents of the exceptional
 - 7. Psychotherapy guidance and counselling to the exceptional
 - 8. Education of the exceptional

Procedure employed

The course is taught by lectures. Discussions are held to allow examples from the clinic.

Text and collateral Readings

- Clinical psychology of exceptional children - by Louttit,
- 2. Psychology of deafness by Myklebust.

TITLE

Number

Description

CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY

B - 8

An outline of the field of clinical psychology with special emphasis on the methods of study, diagnosis and appraisal of cases.

Objective

- 1. To acquaint the student about application of clinical procedures on cases with special emphasis on speech and hearing cases.
- 2. To acquaint the student about symptomatology of various clinical conditions.
- 3. To acquaint the student about application of therapeutic principles.
- Historical survey of clinical psychology

2. Role of clinical psychology in speech and hearing

- 3. Scope of psychodiagnostics.
- 4. Classification of mental illness Broad areas.
- 5. Neurosis
- 6. Psychosis

7. Organic lesions - Epilepsy - GPI etc.,

Topical outlines

8. Mental deficiency

9. Tests of intelligence

10. Personality tests

11. Inventories and projective test 12. Psychotherapy - definition aims

13. Different approaches including psychoanalysis

14. Behaviour therapy 15. Group psychotherapy

16. Counselling (Directive and non Directive)

17. Play therapy

18. Evaluation of effects of therap

Theoretical lectures, discussions amperiodical tests.

Text: 1. Fundamental concepts in clinical psychology - Lazarus & Shaffer

- Introductory clinical psychology Garfield.
- Technique of psychotherapy Wolberg.
- 3. Handbook of clinical psychology Wolman.

TITLE

Number

Description

Procedure employed

Text and Collateral

readings.

References

Objectives

APPLIED LINGUISTICS

B - 9

Basic introduction in linguistics with emphasis on languages their development and disturbances in languages.

Working knowledge of the basic principles of linguistics

2. Knowledge of development of language and possible disturbance in the course of development

3. To enable the students to understand communication disorders in aphasia and other problems, with reference to linguistic patterns

4. To enable the students to plan teaching materials on the basis of linguistic principles

1. Communication; language; symbol system- meaning science of language; scope of linguistics

the pampage 7

Topical outline

- 2. Linguistics structures; levels of analysis; phonetics phonemic analysis; morphemic analysis; synates words; basic word lists; problems in making them up.
- 3. Phonetics; articulatory phonetics acoustic phonetics; stress and intonation; language and writing IPA practice of phonetic transcription Identification; analysis.
- 4. Relationship among languages; Linguistic change; comparative method
- 5. Developmental stages in languages; breakdown in language; aphasia and delayed language; linguistics and speech therapy; linguistics as can be applied to speech correction; preparation of lessons and text books.

Lectures, discussion, practice in transcriptions

Gaeason:
An introduction - descriptive.
linguistics

Hockect - A course in modern linguis... tics.

Saporta - Psycholinguistics

ORGANISATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF SPEECH AND HEARING CENTRES

B - 10

An introduction of the factors to be taken into consideration in proposing and setting up speech and hearing centres.

- To give the student an understandin of the needs of speech centres
- 2. To acquaint the students of the various factors that has been considered in planning speech and hearing centres.
- 3. To enable the student an ability to draw up proposals for such centres.
- 4. To give the student an understanding of his role in the team work of rehabilitation.

Procedure employed

Text and Collateral readings.

OUTLINE

NUMBER

Description

Objective

Topical outlines

Procedures employed.

Text and colla-teral readings.

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

Topical outline

Speech and hearing centres Purposes and limitations varying sizes. Staffing pattern Equipment necessary Space utilization Sound treated rooms Clinical facilities tobe provided - diagnosis therapeutic, foll up, inservice training of other members of team, counselling. Records. Team work Problems associated with such programmes Some solutions

Lectures: Assignments

No text for this publications of various organisations and agencie

EXPERIMENTAL PHONETICS

B - 11 (M.Sc)

An introduction to the Physical aspects of the sound, speech mechanism and speech.

- To provide the students the basic of Acoustic Phonetics. transmall 1.
 - To enable the students to read an understand research in the area.
 - To give the students an appreciation of the physics of speech

Sound Characteristics of sound waves Speech The speaking mechanism The respiration function Breath stream dynamics laryngeal vibration Articulation Mechanism Speech analysis The sound spectrograph Spectrograms of normal speech and defective speech How sounds affect one another Methods of measuring Speech perception Articulation scores Factors affecting articulation scores Speech analysis visible speech.

Procedures employed.

Text and collateral readings. 1. Lectures

2. Demonstrations

No Text

Fletcher : Speech and hearing in

communication

Pottercop: Visible speech

Bellambs : Speech chain

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

DEVELOPMENT OF SPEECH AND HEARING

B - 12

An Introduction to prenatal and postnatal child development.

- Working knowledge of the normal development of speech structures and speech in language.
- 2. To enable the students to understand deviations in the development of speech structures.
 - 3. To enable them to understand and place proper prescription deviations from the normal development of Speech and language.

Topical outlines

Prenatal and postnatal developmental of the speech structures

General development of the child from birth to five years, with emphasis on speech development.

Test & Secamonal

Procedure employed

Lectures and discussion

Pext

Hurlock : Child Develorment

TITLE DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSTIC AUDIOMETRY Common Course) Number Description Theory, Administration and evaluation of selected tests employed in differ ential diagnosis of auditory behavior 1. To familiarize the student with Objective various audiologic tests. 2. To get sufficiently acquainted in interpreting the test results taking into consideration the case history, otological, neurological and psychological findings. To familiarize the student with diological otological neurological an case history characteristics of the f -Jeon bon llowing types of hearing loss. (a) Cochlear pathology
(b) Retrocochlear pathology ioridae imowi in a little en little de-(c) Functional loss (d) Middle ear pathology Topical outlines 1. Techniques of pure tone audiometry 2. Tuning fork tests Speech Audiometry 3. 4. Special tests (a) Tests for functional loss (b) Objective tests EDA, EEA Bekesy (d) SISI, TDT, ADLB, SAL Recording and interpretation of audiograms (a) Pattern of audiograms in relation to diseases (b) A typical audiograms Audiologist and the medical spe-6. cialists 7. Industrial audiology (a) Sound measurement and analysis of noise (b) Human response to nose. Effects of noise on communication. Damaging es ects of noise on communication. (c) Ear protective devices (d) Tests for noise susceptibility (e) Medico-legal aspects. 8. Hearing conservation. Text & Reference Selected readings from text & Journals

-52-

AUDIOLOGY

M. Sc II YEAR

procedure

Lectures and demonstration Students will participate in the administration of various tests and their interpretation.

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

Topical outline

Procedures

Text & Reference

TITLE Number AUDIOMETRY WITH CHILDREN

A - 2

Common Course.

Evaluative techniques including audiometry and case history as aids to differential diagnosis of auditory disorders in children; habilitative procedures for the acoustically handicapped child.

- 1. To familiarize the student with characteristic behavioral responses of infants and children to auditory stimuli.
- 2. To learn to use conditioning and motinational procedures in the administration of audiometric tests to infants and children.
- 3. To familiarize the student with the procedures and materials for speech audiometry for children.
- 1. Special problems in testing hearing in children
- 2. Importance of early assessment, diagnosis and treatment
- 3. Responses in neonates and infants
- 4. Screening tests
- 5. Play audiometry
- 6. Speech audiometry
- 7. Interpretation of response 8. Special tests: EDA & EEA
- 9. Testing in schools

Lectures and demonstration students will participate in testing/ screening infants, children and older children. Visits to schools for screening school children.

Mykelbust H. Auditory disorders in children

Any additional reading suggested.

SPEECH, HEARING AND COMMUNICATION

A - 3:

Basic information regarding the speech and hearing mechanism with emphasis on physics and the psychology of speech & Hearing.

- Objectives 1. To introduce the students to the fundamentals of psycholinguistics and psychoacoustics.
 - 2. To enable the students to understand research papers in the areas
 - 3. To indicate to the students the trend in research in this area.

1. Speech

2. Neurophysiology of speech & Hearing

3. Acoustics of speech

4. Hearing

- 5. Physics and psychology of hearing
- 6. Theories of hearing central hear

ing processes
7. The intelligibility of speech

- 8. Redundancy in speech; signal detectability and its implications
- 9. Cybernetics and its implications research in the area.
 - 1. Readings
- Lectures
 - 3. Discussions

HEARING AIDS AND AUDITORY TRAINING

A - 4

Use, performance and selection of hearing aids, physical characteristics of hearing aids, theory and methodology i giving auditory experiences to the acoustically handicapped.

- 1. To familiarise the student with the acoustic and visual characteristics of language so as to understand the problems auditory training.
- 2. To familiarise the student with the theory, methods and materials employed in auditory training.
- 3. To acquaint the student with the pri ciples of and necessity for amplification for the hearing impaired through hearing aids and training unit
- Hearing loss 2. Hearing aids 3. Basic elements of an hearing aid, hearing aid selection 4. Ear Mould making 5. Uses of hearing aid, individual - group 6. Elementary repair of hearing aids 7. principles of & training

Outlines

M.SC AL TO.

Number

Description

Objectives

Topical outline

8. Auditory training 9. Development of cheap hearing aid with indigenous equipment.

Procedures employed

1. Lectures 2. Discussions 3. Collateral readings 4. Student reports on collateral readings 5. Demonstrations 6. Therapy to patients viz and raining Hearing aid trial etc., 7. calibration of receivers 8. Earmould making.

Beals

2. Davis & silverman.

Noise, and hearing deafness Hearing and deafness

3. Jerger

Mand1

Modern developments in Audiology Hearing aids, their use, care and repair Audiology; principles and practice

5. Newby O'Neill 6.

7. O'Neill

8. Ewings

9. Ewings. Hard of hearing Auditory communication

Teaching deaf children to talk Educational guidance and the deaf child

Auditory disorders 10. Mykle bust.

> Reading assignments are given ranging from the early classic literature of the 1940's to the current research of today. Periodicals includes the jour-nals of speech and hearing disorders, journal of speech and hearing research.

Supplementary materials

1. Case histories of hearing impairment

2. Hearing aids commercially available 3. Calibration group and individual

equipments.

4. Auditory training equipments and sound producing materials.

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION

A - 5

A discussion of electronics and the instruments used in Audiology

To import basic knowledge in electronics so as to make the students understand the working principles underlying the instruments used in Audiology. Also to familiarize the students with calibration techniques and maintenance of the instruments.

Topical outlines

Electronics :-

- 1. Electricity
- 2. Measurements

3. Resistors

4. Circuits

5. AC - DC capicitors

6. Oscilloscope 7. Electronics

8. Valves

9. Rectifiers amplifiers

no estadent tradicte ... equilibria no real tradition S. Comitativations normy to publicity via acceptaining 10. Microphones 11. Loudspeakers

12. Oscillators transmittors

13. Electronic circuits

14. Electrical equipment used in speech and audiology 15. Maintenance and calibration

16. Research equipment 17. Use and construction for research

18. Assembly of equipment with indigenous sources.

Procedure employed

the oter. Wan wish's

Text and collateral readings.

This is a lecture and laboratory cour

1. Electronics and Radio Engineering by F.E. Terman

2. Basic electronics, U.S. Navy train programme

3. Speech and Hearing in communication by Fletcher.

Supplementary Materials

Laboratory instruments and charts.

TITLE

Number Description

EXPERIMENTAL AUDIOLOGY A - 7

Basic information regarding present co cerns of the experimental audiologist and psychoacoustics.

Objectives

To introduce the students to the newer concerns of the audiologist.

To provide the students with the necessary sophistication to be able to follow research being done.

To stimulate the students to approach professional problems with a scientific attitude.

Course Newer theories of hearing Making up of test materials Psychoacoustics Bineural hearing temporary threshold shifts Adaptation Spatial attributes of sound Room acoustics Building of sound proof rooms

Electrophysiology of the ear Research in India Research possibilities in the indian setting Steriphonic hearing.

Lectures Discussions Demonstrations

Text

Modern Developments in Audiology by Jerger (Ed)

Collateral Readings.

TITLE

ACOUSTICS

Number

A - 8

Description

A discussion on the principles of Acoustics useful in Audiology.

Objectives

. To familiarize the students with fundamentals of acoustics so as to have clear concepts of the function of tranducers and acoustical analogues of hearing mechanism used in Audiology.

Topical outline

- Periodic waveform
- 2. Fourior series
- 3. Types of waves
- 4. Energy and power spectrum
- 5. Oscillators
- 6. Resonance
- 7. Sound wave
- 8. Acoustic impedene
- 9. Spherecal waves
- 10. Acoustic pipes
- 11. Decibel
- 12. Electrical analysis of wave form
- 13. Microphones and loudspeakers
- 14. Amplifiers
- 15. Filters
- 16. Sound spectrography
- 17. Analogues - Mechanical and Electrical
- Acoustical properties of vowels and consonants
- 19. Acoustic rooms or sound treated rooms
- 20. Anechoic chambers
- 21. Acoustical engineering

Procedure employed

This is a lecture and laboratory course.

Text and collateral readings

Fundamentals of acoustics - Kinsler and Frey.

Acoustical measurements - Beranck Acoustical engineering - Olson

Supplementary Laboratory instruments and charts. materials.

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TITLE

SPEECH READING

Number

A - 9

Description

The techniques of speech reading and auditory training.

Objectives

1. To give the students information regarding the various techniques used to teach speech reading to children adults.

- 2. To enable the students to make up lesson plans and to teach speech reading.
- 3. To give the students practice in teaching, speech reading and auditory training.

Course outline

- 1. Various methods of teaching speech reading to the hard of hearing.
- Principles of auditory training, the intelligibility and redundancy of speech and languages.

Procedure employed --

Lectures

Discussions

Demonstrations

Practical work

Text

Visual communication for the Aurally handicapped - Oyer and O'Neill

Collateral readings

Jera method - Brochman.

M.Sc. I Y

DIAGNOSTIC EXAMINATION IN SPEECH HANDICAPS (COMMON COURSE)

Number

S - 1 (M.Sc)

Description

Principles underlying the clinical interview and tests essential to the diagnosis. Procedures in opening record & evaluation test for various speech problems.

Objectives

- 1. To introduce the student to basic principles of interviewing and counselling.
- 2. To apply the principles of interviewing to case history taking for speech and hearing disorders.

- 3. To assist the students in acquiring the skills needed for performing a speech diagnostic evaluation.
- 4. Diagnosis and appraisal of speech and hearing disorders.
- 5. To introduce the student to tests important in assessing speech and hearing problems.
- 1. Differential diagnosis
- 2. Speech tests
- 3. Picture tests
- 4. Word tests
- 5. Stimulability
- 6. Test materials
 7. Tests for voice disorders
- 8. Organic anamolies9. Tests for auditory descrimination
- 10. Motor co-ordination
- 11. Tests with aphasia
 12. Detailed case histories
- 13. Neurological examinations
- 14. The team approach to: diagnosis.
 - 1. Lectures
 - 2. Discussions
 - 3. Observation and clinical practice in case history taking and diagnostic evaluation.

Johnson Diagnostic procedures in

speech pathology

Johnson Foundations of speech pathology.

PSYCHO THERAPY

S -. 2

To give an orientation about the basic principles of psychotherapy.

1. To train the student about the practical application of psychotherapeutic principles in clinical cases, with special emphasis on cases with speech and hearing defects.

Introduction to psychotherapy Background and training of therapist prognosis for therapy. Psychotherapeutic devices Catharsis - suggestion - persuasion hypnosis - desensit-isation - Re-education. Distributive analysis and synthesis Therapeutic principles degree of direction relation to other methods. Special psychotherapies.

Topical outline



Procedures employed

Texts and collateral readings

TITLE

Number

Description

Objective ...



Topical outlines

* Objective of Psychotherapy. Strategy of Therapy.

Special psychotherapies Non directive therapy. Play and rel therapy - Group therapy . Psychodra Conditioned therapy - retraining met ds of assessing affects of psychotherapy.

Procedure employed

Theoretical lectures and practical de monstration periodical tests.

Text and collateral 1. readings

Fundamental concepts in clinical Psychology - Lazarus and Shaffer

References

Techniques of Psychotherapy -Wolberg.

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Dishorage medicals,

ARTICULATION DISORDERS COMMON COURSE)

energical Number of the

\$ - 3 (M.Sc II)

*Description :-

Objectives
A working knowledge of the normal and therapeutic pro- knowledge requisits for the dkagnostic and therapeutic planning for articulation problems resulting from structural environment, perceptual an intellectual deficits.

and therapeutic procedures for disorders of articulation.

> 2. Etiology and skill in interpreting speech diagnostic information to appraise allied professions.

Topic outline

1. Description

2. Causes of artic disorders

3. Normal acquisition of sounds articulation of sounds

4. Types of errors

5. Testing

6. Rationale for artic therapy

7. Design for therapy

8. Techniques of therapy

Procedures employed

1. Lectures

2. Discussions

3. Tape records

Text and collateral readings.

Van Riper and Irwin - John V. Voice & articulation - Prentichall Inc 1958.

TITLE

STUTTER ING

Number

8 - 4

Description

Longitudinal studies of stuttering theories and therapies.

Objectives

- 1. A working knowledge of the prevalent theories and therapies.
- 2. An understanding of the rationale of therapeutic approaches and procedures accompanying the various theories of stuttering.
- 3. An appreciation of the likenesses and differences among the several theories.

Topical outlines

- 1. The stammerer
- 2. Cluttering and stuttering
- 3. Characteristics Primary and Secondary
- 4. Sources of beginning stuttering
 - 5. Maintenance factors
 - 6. Various theories and approaches
 - 7. Different types of therapy symptomatic
 - 8. Psychoanalytic, behaviour therapy Midwas dry therapy.

Procedures employed

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Discussions
- 3. Collateral readings
- 4. Student reports on collateral readings

Text and Collateral readings

Supplementary materials

Eisenson, John, stuttering: A symposium, Harper Bros, 1958.

1. Case histories of stutterers.

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

APHASIA

S - 5

Etiology and symptomatology of disorders of the nervous system and any problems associated with it.

1. To give the student an understanding of the nature of speech and language disturbances resulting from disturbances of the nervous system.

To give the student an understanding of the rationales of treatment for neuropathology in speech and hearing disorders.

Procedures employed

1. Lectures

Supplemented by demonstrations.

Topical outline

*in Aphasia

Texts and colla-

teral readings

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

Topic outline

1. Neurology of aphasia

2. Psychological correlates of aphasia

3. Degrees and types of disturbances 4. Aphasia in children

5. Differential and diagnostic testing

6. Therapy with aphasia

Berry & Eisenson Speech Disorders

Whipman Aphasia

Schwell Aphasia in Adults

FIRST SEMINAR IN SPEECH PATHOLOGY MENTAL RETARDATION AND MONGOLISM CEREBRAL PALSY, DELAYED LANGUAGE

S - 6

Etiology and symptomatology of disorders. Speech and language associated with mental retardation, mongolism and cerebral palsy, and delayed development of language.

- 1. To give the student an understanding of the nature of mental retardation & mongolism and the speech and language disturbances associated with them.
- 2. To give the student an understanding of the rationales of treatment for speech disorders resulting from mental retardation.
- 3. To give the student an understanding of the cerebral palsy and appreciation of its impact upon the development of speech.
- 4. To prepare the student to carryout a system evaluation and design speech and language training programme for the individual with cerebral palsy.
- 5. To develop a functional definition of etiology in understanding the individual differential evaluation of etiology in development.
- Mental retardation causes assessment and classification development of speech in mental retardation incidence of speech disorders speech characteristics of the mentally retarded. therapy methods. goals in rehabilitation ..63

(ii) Cerebral Palsy

Cerebral Palsy types
Needs for physiotherapy and ADL training.
Diagnosis of speech difficulties
Methods of therapy
Phylogentic principles, motokinesthesis
Bobath
RIPS
Differential development and its implications

(iii) Delayed speech and language

Normal language development Causes of delay Diagnosis examinations Therapy with children Use of principles of linguistics in therapy.

Procedures employed.

Text and collateral readings.

TITLE

Number ·

Description

Objectives

Lectures
Demonstrations

Speech therapy for -0 by west, Kennedy the cerebral palsied. 0 and Karr.

SECOND SEMINAR IN SPEECH PATHOLOGY VOICE DISORDERS, LARYNGECTOMY AND AESOPHAGEAL SPEECH, CLEFT PALATE & OTHER STRUCTURAL ANAMOLIES

S - 7

Etiology and symptomatology and therapeutic procedures for disorders of voice including laryngectomy.

To review the anatomy and facility of the movements in respect of phonation and resonance.

- 2. To assist the students in recognising and treating disorders of voice production.
- 3. To give the student an understanding of the cleft palate development and an appreciation of its impact on the development of speech.
- 4. To prepare the student to carry out a systematic evaluation and design the speech training programme for the cerebral palsied in that level.

5. To give the student an understand of the impact of various structural anamolies - dental anamolies and their impact over the speech.

6. To prepare the student to diagnose and train defects of speech that may be associated with organic anamolies

Topic outline

(i) <u>Voice disorders</u>

Anatomy of voice Vocal physiology Attributes of voice Disorders of voice functional; organic. Causes of voice disorders Deviations in pitch-in-loudness in quality. Therapy with voice disorders Aphonia Medical help in voice problems

Organic Problems

(ii)Cleft palate Types causes Surgical repair Prosthesis, articulation disorders in cleft palate Therapy with cleft palate Dental problems, defects in speech therapy with the same.

Laryngectomy & Aesophageal speech (iii) Laryngectomy

The operation Breathing Artificial larynx Aesophageal speech Production of voice Articulation Therapy procedures

Procedures employed Lectures

Demonstrations Tapes

Text & collateral readings.

Voice and its disorders Green Voice and Articulation

Morley

Van riper Cleft Pala

IN SPEECH AND HEARING FIRST YEAR

ENGLISH

Number

B - 10

Description

Readings in English prose and poetry

Objectives

- 1. To enable the students to improve their knowledge of English Knowledge.
- 2. To enable the students to use the English language more effectively.
- 3. To give them the tools of language to help them gather information and to help them express themselves through english language.

Topical outlines

This is equivalent to the one prescribed to the preprofessional course

Procedures employed .. Lecture/Discussion

TITLE

BASIC SCIENCES - PHYSICS

Number

- B - 11

Description

A discussion on the fundamentals of Physics

Objectives

To familiarize the students with basic topics in Physics

Topical outline

Mechanics: Newton's laws of motion-Force-work- Energy-Power (Units only in C.G.S) - Newton's law of gravitation Planetory motion - Artificial satellites.

*Electron Microscope. Optics: Mirrors and Lenses - Simple microscope, Compound microscope. *Telescopes (Reflection and refraction types) - Projectors - Epidiascopes - Wave nature of light (interference and diffraction) - Dispersion - Colour of the sky, Raman effect.

Magnetism: Natural and artificial magnets (Permanent and electro) Inverse square law-magnetic field.

Electrostatics: Electric charge, Coulomb's law electrostatic field. Electrostatic machines.

Current electricity: Elementary ideas current flow - E.M.F. current - potential difference - Ohm's law-wheatstone's bridge - heating effect - Kirchoff's laws - alternating currents-rms values motors and dynamoes - Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction. Force on an electric current - Ammeters and Voltameters (D.C and A.C.) Watt meters - (Sound level meters)

Microphones and speakers - Electrical filters - Amplifiers - Impodance mate ing - oscillators - frequency measure ment.

Modern physics - atomic structure - Bo theory of Hydrogen atom - photoelectric effect - Einstein's Photoelectric equa tion - X rays - Bragg's law - Atomic N leus - proton, Neutron, Binding Energy E=mc2, Nuclear Energy - Fission- Fusion source of energy in sun and stars.

Experiments (FIRST YEAR)

- 1. Use of travelling microscope (to fin the length, dia of a given thick win to determine its mass-ta calculate density)
- 2. Simple pendulum to determine g
 - 3. Determination of the focal length of
 - (1) concave mirror (2) Convex mirror
 - (3) Concave lens
 - (4) Convex lens
- 4. Construction of a microscope 5. Construction of a telescope
- 6. Prism spectro-meter-demonstration 7. Specific gravity bottle density of solid salt and liquid.
- 8. To find the pole strength of a given bar magnet using a deflection magnetometer and hence to estimate the earth magnetic field by vibration magnetometer.
 - 9. Verification of Ohms Law.
 - 10. Wheatstone's net (not meter-bridge)

11. Postentiometer - comparison of emf's

Procedures employed

This is a lecture and laboratory course.

readings.

Text and collateral A text book of Physics - Dunklan & Starling

Supplementary materials

Laboratory instruments and charts.

TITLE Number Description

PHYSICS - ACOUSTICS
B - 12 (B.Sc I Year)
A discussion on the fundamentals of Acoustics so that the students can follow the advanced course in M.Sc

Objectives

Topical outline

To introduce the subject to the students

Acoustics: Sound waves - visual presentation of sound waves (Phonodeik and CRO) - explanation of the characteristics of sound waves - simple harmonic motion - Sine waves-damped vibrations (or oscillations) - forced vibrations - Resonance-periodic and non-periodic waves - Fourier analysis of complex wave forms-sound spectrum sound spectrographs - spectrum analysis of sound waves (both geometrical and electronic) wave analysers - characteristics of sound waves - pitch loudness quality-vowels and consonants energy and power spectrum of sound-speech, music and noise.

Vibrating systems (oscillating systems) strings rods-sonometers - membranes.

Spherical and plane waves of soundsound pressure-particle velocity - particle accleration - wave velocity
amplitude-frequency-expressions for
average energy - intensity of sound
wave-Loudness (units of loudnessphones) decibel - sound pressure level
intensity level - measurement of sound
intensity - sound level meters.

Halmholtz resonators - acoustic impedance, mechanical electrical and acoustic analogues - acoustic filters.

Recording and reproduction of sound (optical, disc and tape)

Physiological acoustics (biophysics of hearing) Audiometers.

Acoustics of buildings - sound insultation.

Ultrasonics - production, detection and (medical) uses.

Experiments

Resonance tube (velocity of sound)
 Kundt's tube - using an oscillator and a speaker
 Sonometer - frequency determina-

tion by using a tuning fork.

4. C.R.O. - Demonstration; different wave forms - speech, music, noise.

- 5. C.R.O. Determination of frequency a note using Lissajous figures (Whist) Violin, Flute)
 - 6. Electric filters
 - 7. Acoustic filters
 - 8. Use of wave analysers
 - 9. Use of sound level meters (preferably in an acoustically bad hall)
- 10. To determine the M.P. of wax using a thermo couple.

This is a lecture and laboratory course

- 1. Text book on physics Dunklan & Starling.
- 2. Text book on sound Wood.
- 3. Speech and Hearing in communication. Fletcher

Laboratory instruments and charts.

Procedures employed

> Text and collateral readings

> > Supplementary materials

TITLE

Number

Description

Objectives

Topical outline

MATHEMATICS

B - 13

Elementary mathematics used in Physics

To familiarize the student with preliminaries of certain branches of mathematics used in the discussion of physics acoustics and electronics.

Algebra: Indices and surds. Logarith Quadratic equations. The general quadratic polynomial its expression and graph. The arithmetic geometric and Harmonic Progressions.

Combinatorial definitions of nPr, nCr & their expressions. Method of proof by induction explained by men no of simple examples. Binomial theorem for a positive integral exponent. Notions of convergence and divergence simply explained Convergence of the geometric series. Binomial exponential and Logarithmic expansions stated without proof.

Differential calculus: Definitions of derivative. Some standard derivatives. Geometrical interpretation of the derivatives. Derivative as a rate of change simple illustrations from physics. Tangents and normals to plane curves.

Integral calculus: Integration as the operational inverse of differentiation Some standard integrals. Definite integral defined as an area and evaluated by a knowledge of the indefinite integral (Heuristic proof)

Differential equations: Geometrical interpretation of the equation of the first order. Homogenous equation of the first order. The general linear equation of the second order, with constant co-efficients - differential equation of simple harmonic motion.

Note: Problems and exercises demanding manipulation skill are to be eschewed.

Trignometry: Radian measure of an angle Definitions of the circular functions of an arbitrary angle. Values of the circular functions of X when X=0

Elementary trignometric identities. Circular functions of in terms of those of x. Addition theorems for sin x and cos x. Graphs of sin x and cos x.

Analytic Geometry: Line, circle, Equations of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola (standard forms) in detailed treatment)

This is a lecture course

- 1. Elements of trignometry Hall and Knight
- 2. Mollege algebra Sha and Desai
- 3. Integral and differential calculus Santi Narayan.

Mathematical tables.

Procedures employed

Text and collateral readings

Supplementary materials

TITLE

Number

Objectives

BASIC MEDICAL SCIENCES : ELEMENTARY HUMAN ANATOMY, Physiology & PATHOLOGY

14 - 1 (Human Anatomy)

(i) to enable the student to appreciate the normal functioning of the human body with special reference to speech and hearing organs.

- (ii) to enable the student to recogn deviations and understand the proble of disease.
- (iii) to help the student to appreciat the speech and hearing problems asso ciated with organic anamolies.
- (iv) to give a basic understanding of the various operative procedures used in speech and hearing disorders
 - (v) to prepare the student for inter disciplinary communication for effici team work.

Topical outline

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Human Anatomy

- (i) General introduction definition and subdivisions plan of the human body - systems of the body - the unit of structure and function - the cell the cell tissues.
- (ii) Ostcology terminology terminology types of bones in the human body.
- (iii) Anthrology terminology and class fication of joints.
- (iv) Myology types of muscle tissue muscles of neck, face and tongue - det iled study of muscles of larynx and the pharynx in terms of their origin, inse tion, action and nerve supply.
- (v) Circulatory system; blood, lymph a tissue fluid characteristics - composition and function, the heart - main ar teries, veinsand capillaries - lymp ci culation in neck, face and head - circ lation in the brain.
- (vi) Nervous system Division and functions of the nervous system - nervous tissue - neurons, nerve fibres synapse end organs - structure of the brain, and divisions - brief description of spinal cord - cerebro spinal fluid - cranial nerves - distribution supply - a brief description of peripheral nerves - sensory end organs and sensations - autonomic nervous systems - a brief description.
- -(Vii)Respiratory system; general outle and an account of nasal cavities, nasopharynx, and larynx.
- (viii) A brief outline of digestive syst em so as to understand the structure and function of the stomach and aesophagus.

-71-

- (ix) Anatomy of the external, middle and inner ear detailed study of the auditory pathway; anatomy of the nose and paranasal sinuses.
- (x) Anatomy of neck, face and head emphasis on study of the structure of lary-nx tongue, larynx, pharynx naso pharyngeal structures and oesophagus.

Physiology

(a) Muscular system; types of construction, all or none phenomena, muscle tonus, fatigue and exercise.

Circulatory and respiratory systems heart, vessels blood pressure and factors
maintaining circulation, cardiac cycle
and output - blood composition, mechanism
of respiration - internal and external
nervous control of respiration, vital capacity, tidal air, residual air, reserve
air, minimal, artificial respiration.

- (b) Physiology of the nervous system, Nerve cell, reflex arc, motor feflexes, superficial and deep physiology of CNS and ANS, brief account, nerve tract, motor and sensory pathways, emphasis on auditory and visual sensations.
- (c) Applied physiology, effects of heat and cold, electrical stimulation on skin and muscle, pressure local and generalized exercises.
- (d) Biophysics; auditory apparatus and sound analysis of sound, electrophysiology of sound.
- (e) Function of the external, middle and inner ear, detailed function of the organ of corti, vestibular system and auditory pathways and auditory centres, theories of hearing. Defects in audition. Physiology of speech Mechanism of sound production Aphasia.

Pathology

- (a) introduction; definition, cell and its environment.
- (b) Inflammation; acute, subacute and chronic, example.
- (c) circulatory disorders; Hemorrhage, embolism, thrombosis; Ischemia etc.,
- (d) Allergy and Immunity
- (e) Diseases of the auditory system otitis - otosclerosis - Tumours.
- (f) Tumour and new growths.

Objectives Number

blood pressure and cold distinction, cordino chile blood compensation, mediantion

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Lectures Demonstrations Discussions

ESSENTIALS OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY As per B - 14

Medicine and surgery

- (a) details of the conditions which of importance from the point of view understanding speech and hearing diso ders and their treatment.
 - (b) the common infectious tropical nutritional disorders.
 - (c) terminology, definitions and pred tions to be observed while treating cases with following conditions. T.B leprosy, rheumatic fever, tetanus, ty oid, diphteria, jaundice, anemias, sm pox, chicken pox, german measles, diab tes, hypertension, coronary thrombosis embolium, valvular diseases, various d seases of the arteries, cerebro vascul accidents due to various conditions an its after effects. Measles, mump, who ping caugh, nutritional deficiency sta
 - (d) signs, symptoms and treatment of various ear, nose and throat condition diseases of the sinues etc.
 - (e) special techniques of examination in ENT examination of oral cavity, lar goscopy, use of otoscope etc.
 - plastic surgery in various condit ons affecting face, neck and oral cavil Malignant growths in head, face and me regions and its treatment.
 - (g) neurosurgery and postoperative co plications in head injuries, tumours a other degenerative conditions,.
 - (h) orthodontia and prosthesis

(i) Neurology

Definition, approach to neurologic cal findings, tests, signs, and symptom types of neuromuscular and sensory disturbances due to damage to different areas. viz., motor area, 4,6 pyramidal lesions, basal ganglia, cerebellum, per pheral nerve injury, damage to respiratory centre, speech centre etc., Hemiplegia, cerebral palsy, multiple schero sis, parkinsoms disease, chorea, athetosis, cerebellar ataxia, head injuries, tumours etc

TITLE PSYCHOLOGY

Number

B - 16

Description

The course gives an orientation to the students about the fundamentals of Psychology as a subject matter.

Objectives

- 1. To give a basic background in psychology.
- 2. To prepare the student for the other course subjects appearing later such as developmental psychology, introductory clinical psychology and mental testing, psychology of learning etc.,

Topical outlines

Psychology

General nature of subject matter - brief history of psychology, scope and definition - aim and methods of study - perception - the learning process - stages & factors in learning - theories of learning. The conditioned response - emotional behaviour - experimental approach emotional development - motivation of behaviour - sensations - vision - audition and other other sensations - intelligence various classifications of tests and their applications - aptitudes - personality methods of investigating personality - some tests of personality - application of psychology in clinical practice - the unconscious processes, dynamics of adjustment - a note on mental disorders - principles of mental hygiene.

Procedure employed

Theortical lectures and discussionsperiodical tests.

Text and collateral readings

- Text: 1. General psychology GD Boaz
- Ref : 1. Psyc hology; fundamentals of Human adjustment - NL. Munn
 - 2. General psychology JP. Guilford
 - 3. Psychology A study RS. Woodof mental life. worths

and Marquis

TITLE

LINGUISTICS AND PHONETICS

Number

B -17

Description

Basic introduction in Linguistics with emphasis on languages their development & disturbances in languages.

Objectives

- Working knowledge of the basic pri ples of linguistics.
- 2. Knowledge of development of language and possible disturbance in the course of development.
- 3. To enable the students to understan communication disorders in aphasia and other problems, with reference to lingu istic patterns.
- 4. To enable the students to plan tea. ching materials on the basis of linguis tic principles.

Topical outline

Linguistics: Approaches to the study language - descriptive and historical. the sub systems of language - phonetic. phonemic, morphological, syntactic and semantic. Brief sketch of the history linguistics.

Nature of phonetic analysis - (Sec : Ph netics, for details)

Phonetic analysis

Distribution, complementary distribution partial complementation, free variation contrast. Souds and their atrributes. phoneme and its nature, definition, different schools, aims of phonemic analysis principles, procedure, problems.

Morphological analysis

Litte A whe to new thous. . Morph; allmorph, morphemes, archi morphe me, identification of morphemes; differ ent procedures. Formation of words; ty of morphemes; marphological construction morphophonemics; processes; distribution item and arrangement, item and process.

Mark marks of the state of the

Nature of synatax;

Division into morphology and syntax, and lytical and sythetical, languages, the basic unit, morpheme, lexeme, word, con pound, idiom, procedure immediate constituent; constructions, sentence types. mmar, recent researches in syntax. Phrase structure and transformation gra-

Language and thought

Linguistic problems in psychology; psych legical problems in linguistics; psychology of communication, nature of languas behaviour; structural units of language

behaviour, psycholinguistics and its problems; acquisition of linguistit response lang, development in language behaviour speech pathology, speech therapy.

Phonetics

Nature of phonetic analysis: Its linguistic relevance and marginal nature, three approaches - auditory, articulation acoustics; the units of sound, segmentation of speech continuam; principles and criteria; the vocal apparatus and its functioning; articulation, articulators, places to manner of articulation, classification of speech sounds of vowels (close open, high low etc) consonants(stops pitch tone, juncture)

Symbolic representation of speech sounds, phonetic transcription, types, advantages limitations, IPA, English, Hindi and Regional languages (know a little) in IPA (practice) phonetic dictation, practices, comparison between phonetics and phonemics.

Procedure employed

Text and collateral readings. Lectures, discussion, practice in transcriptions.

An introduction to descriptive linguistics by Gleason.

A course in modern linguistics by Hocket.

Psycholinguistics bySAPORTA.

TITLE

SOCIAL DYNAMICS

Number

B - 18

Description

Problems of individual, society, social behaviour and some aspects of social pathology.

Objectives

- 1. To introduce the students to the relationship between the individual and society.
- 2. To enable the students appreciate the social factors and social view points in the rehabilitation of speech and hearing impaired cases.

Topical outlines

Social dynamics

1. The individual and society in indi

2. Culture and personality.

3. Castes in Hindu society-Varna, Ash caste, class.

- 4. The concept of family in india chological factors - economic need joint and nuclear family and chil welfare - family disorganisation causes and effects.
 - 5. Development of social behaviour-le dership - suggestions - imitation sympathy in social behaviour.
- 6. Motivation in social behaviour tives and drives - selectivity in behaviour, acquired motives.
- 7. Attitudes formation frames of reference steredtypes and measure. ment of attitudes - change of atti tudes.
- 8. Problems of prostitution, criminal and delinquent behaviour - poverty and slums , unemployment.
- 9. Case work case work situation procedures.

Procedures employed

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work fitte spatial affect jobs on

Text and Collateral readings

To board source interest in

The course is taught by lectures and discussions.

- 1. Individual in society by Crutch and Krutchfield, international students edition.
- 2. Fields and methods of social work in india by Jacob.

INTRODUCTION TO SPEECH AND HEARING This will be observation & discussion of clinical pract DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY TITLE

Number

S-10

B - 20

Description

The course covers the general details of various aspects of human developmen from genetric foundations to maturity with special emphasis on development of speech and language and sensory development.

Objectives

To prepare the student to appreciate problems and issues related to childhood and maturity. This would be of much help later when he works in the clinical set up.

Topical outline

Developmental psychology

- 1. Problems and methods pre-scientific and scientific. The longitudinal and cross sectional approaches.
- 2. Origins of behaviour genetic foundation - phylogenetic and ontogenetic development of behaviour.
- 3. Neural development nerve cells types brief description of evolution of the central nervous system prenatal and postnatal development of CNS growth of brain age changes.
- 4. Glandular development duct glandsenzymes and behaviour - ductless glands effect of internal secretions on behaviour.
- 5. Physical development, height, weight growth in head, trunk and limbs, growth in circulatory, respiratory and nervous systems, norms of growth, decline with age.
 - 6. Motor development; early motor; development stages in motor development manipulative behaviour handedness development of complex motor skills motor development during later childhood and adolescence decline with age.
 - 7. Sensory development brief history of development of vision and hearing sensory development in the neonate and early childhood Age changes deafness hightone deafness.
 - 8. Growth of intelligence; evolutionary growth of intelligence. Growth from early childhood to adoloscene retardation and feeblemindedness decline with age.
- 9. Emotional development early beginnings of emotions in infant development of emotional patterns teaching of emotional control in child hood Problems of emotions in adolescence age changes.
 - 10. Social development; social responses of infants & of preschool children scales for measuring social development friendship, leadership, conflicts among children antisocial tendencies social life among the aged.

11. Motivation, interest and attitudes Biogenic and socio-genic motives, change in motivation through ages - development of change of interests and attitudes.

12. Development of speech and language

The brain and the mind - functional organisation in relation to speech and language - definition of speech phylogenetic development - theories of speech development of speech through various siges namely cry, babbling, calling - echolalia and true speech. Theories of learning and the role of learning in development of speech. Various functions of speech - psychology of speech.

Language development: Definition and theories of language development - brain mechanisms of language learning - psychological aspects of language - Biological time table of language learning - vocabilary and grammer reading, writing etc.

Role of environment and heredity in the development of speech and language.

Procedure employed

all Little (1918 – 1950) — the section of the contract of the

tend nervous egsber - province

Theoretical lectures, discussions - periodical tests.

Tests and collate- : ral readings.

Text. 1. Human development - Zubek and Solberg.

Ref 1. Child development - E. Hurlock

2. Developmental - E. Hurlock.
Psychology

TITLE

INTRODUCTORY CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY AND MENTAL TESTING

Number

B - 21

Description '

The course gives a general orientation to the student about the types of clinical problems he has to deal with on the lines of methodology Diagnosis, testing, treatment etc.

Objectives

- 1. To train the student to appreciate the types of clinical case material and their study.
- 2. To train the student in the general appraisal of cases.

Topical outline

Introductory to clinical psychology and mental testing

- Definition of cll initial psychology Historical introduction methodology in clinical psychology. Case history method-interview clinical observation situation tests questionnaires objective and projective tests.
- 2. Concept of normality and abnormality criteria for abnormality dynamics of adjustment.
- 3. Unconscious processes evidences for postulation of unconscious structure of mind id-egosuperego-dreams types of dreams dreak work suggestion and hypnosis post hypnotic phenomena.
- 4. Introduction to classification of mental disorders broad areas psychoses neuroses organic lesions brief discussion of symptomatology and diagnosis.
- 5. Mental subnormality various forms concept of MA & IQ as related to assessment of intelligence grades of mental subnormality related disorders of speech and sensory functions clinical types among mentally subnormal and possible causes scope for improvement through possible methods.
- 6. A brief discussion on treatment psychological and physical methods in treatment psychotherapeutic devices parent counselling and family therapy.
- 7. Mental testing : its meaning and scope
- 8. Measurement of intelligence nature of intelligence and theories history of intelligence testing various classification testing adults and children developmental schedules Aptitudes and achievement tests defects in intelligence testing the memtally subnormal Intellectual impairment and tests.
- 9. Personality and its measurement Behaviour studies self report techniques questionnaire interview objective and projective methods.

Procedures employed Theoret

Theoretical lectures, discussions and demonstrations - periodical tests.

Text and collateral readings.

Text. 1. Fundamental concepts in clinical psychology - Lazarus & Shaffer.

References :

1. Introductory clinical psychology - Garrifield

2. Mental testing in clinical practice.

PSYCHOLOGY OF LEARNING

Number

B - 22

Description

To give an orientation about the basic prin ciples in the learning process.

Objectives

1. To brief the student on the principles in the learning process and their implications in clinical practice.

Topical outline

Some theories of learning - conditioned res ponses - some conditioning phenomena - ins. trumental and operant conditioning - acquisition of skills - Problem solving -learning by imitation - economy of different lear-ning procedures - some basic conditions for learning - clinical applications.

Procedure employed

Theoretical lectures, discussions and periodical tests.

Text and collateral readings.

Text.

1. The psychology of learning - Robert Borger & Seaborne.

Reference:

1. The Psychology of learning - J. Deese.

TITLE

STATISTICS

Number

B - 23

Description

To give an orientation to the student about descriptive statistics.

Objective

1. To enable the student to derive statistical inferences from clinical and other data.

Topical outline Statistics

General nature and scope of statistical methods - collection of data - classification of data into categories and measurements - graphic representations - interpretation - Frequency distribution measures of central tendency - dispersion Skewness and kurtosis - rank correlation and product moment correlation elementary sampling methods - random & stratified sampling - Use of tables of random numbers - measures of significance - their need and meaning.

Procedure employed

Text and collateral readings

Theoretical lectures and working out problems - periodical tests.

Text:

1. Statistics - H.E. Garrett.

Ref:

1. Elementaty statistical methods Blummrers and lindquist.

TITLE:-

Number:

Description: -

Objectives:

INTRODUCTION TO SPEECH PATHOLOGY:

5-20 (II B.Sc)

Introduction to Speech and disorders of Speech and an over all view of different types of speech disorders and methods of treatment.

- 1. To develop a knowledge of the different types and causes of speech handicaps.
- 2. To understand normal speech and language development and to learn what might happen to cause deviation.
- 3. To establish an understanding of the speech and hearing problems on a childs development.
 - 4. To introduce the students to various methods of therapy.
- 5. To help understand the role of the speech therapist in therapy with cases.

Topical Outline: Speech and language - Speech as an overlaid function - Characteristics of normal speech - frequency, intensity, pitch, loudness, articulation, intonation, voice quality, rhythm, vocabulary and level of language, development of speech speech defects, definition - types of disorders - test methods - rationale for therapy - Methods of therapy -Planning - rapport with case imagination - use of educational principles-

play way - review of progress -Counselling and guidance - collow-

Text & collateral readings:

Van Riper: Principles of speech therapy Eisenson: Speech disorders West, Kennedy, Karr: Rehabilitation of Speech

Procedures employed:

- 1. Lectures
- 2. Discussions
- 3. Demonstrations
- 4. Case findings
- 5. Special reports independent readings.

TITLE:

Number:

Description:

Objectives:

Topical outline:-

VOICE AND ARTICULATION:-

S - 21

Problems of articulation and voice

- 1. Working knowledge of Speech & Hearing mechanism. The knowledge requisite for the diagnosis of therepeutic planning for articu-lation and voice problems resulting from structural, informalitory procedural, economical deficit.
- 2. Ability and skill for interpreting speech diagnosis information to members of allied professions.

Voice and articulation - review of anatomy & physiology of structures taking part in voice and articulation - Laryngescopy - Characteristics of voice - quality pitch - nasality volume, Resonance - Description of voice qualities. Hoarse, husing, rasping etc. Role of breathing types of breathing - Disorders of voice - causes - Dysphonia and Aphonia - Disorders of Speech, loudness & quality due to conditions like adductor paralysis, chronic laryngitis, nodule growth in Larynx, congenital nodule growth in Larynx, congenital anamolies - Laryngeal nerve, throid disturbances, tumours - stenosis of larynx - nasality causes - emotional factors affecting phonation - hysterical aphonia- therapy tochni erical aphonia- therapy techniques in the voice disorders.

- 00 -

Articulation - definition, manner of articulation of the sound in English and in Indian Languages - types of errors - articulation testing - picture test - words and sentences test - stimulability test - rationale for therapy - design for therapy - techniques of therapy.

Procedures applied: Lectures, discussions & demonstrations

Collateral Readings :

Text Books: Van Riper & Irwin : Voice & Articulation.

TITLE: DIAGNOSTICS IN SPEECH PATHOLOGY:

Number: S-22

Description: Importance of diagnosis and pathology technics including case history, medical

examination tests.

Objectives

1. To explore and utilise various techniques of diagnosis and to enable to interest diagnostic information to allied areas.

Diagnosis - importance of correct diagnoses - clinical examination of cases with speech and language disorders - history taking, interview of the patient and guardians approach to asking questions, observations and interpretations - tests in speech pathology - articulation tests - perception - tests for aphasics - psychological tests - medical examination - review records reporting and recording of assessients - professional and medicolegical aspects of recording and reporting.

Methous of physical examination of tongue teeth, palate jaw and lips. Correlation-ship of structure Vs. function - Identification of structural defects and tests for them.

PATHOLOGY

Procedure employed Leoures, discussions practical administration of tests, supervised diagnostic

work with cases.

Text books Diagnostic approaches in speech Pathology.

Johnson et al

TITLE SPEECH DISORDERS ASSOCIATED WITH

SPEECH

ORGANIC ANAMOLIES

Number
S - 31
Objectives
1. To give a basic understanding of anatomy and physiology of speech mechanism.

..84

- To give the students nature of the speech disturbances arising out of organic anamolies.
- To give the students an understanding of the rationales of treatment for speech disorders arising from organia anamolies.
- To understand the techniques of trea ting speech problems.

Topical outline

Mile to Machine Morris all M

Dyslalias - charting of defective sounds cleft palate and lip - embryology of fact and mouth - Theories on cleft palate and lip - types and classification - surgical repair - prosthesis for cleft palate cases - Associated problems - dentition respiration - hearing - intelligence faulty habits.

Speech Rehabilitation - Analysis of a typical cleft lip and palate speech in terms of loudness pitch, quality, distinctness or clarity, articulation and intelligibility - Speech therapy techniques other problems - tongue - tie, open bite and close bite. Norrow palatal vault temporary deviation as a result of hypertropical tonsil and adenoids - Maloccin sion of teeth - Auditory imperce ption, hearing loss, Methods of testing and charting the results - Therapy techniques.

Dysarthrias: Central and peripheral review of Neuro-anatomical correlations with articulation. Signs and symptoms of dysarthria - differentation between central Vs. peripheral - medical diagnost as an aid in differential diagnosis . Mental Retardation - speech problems in M.R. - Prognosis.

Procedures employed: Lectures, discussions & supervised clinical work.

Text Books

The Rehabilitation of Speech by . West Kennedy and Carr

Collateral Readings.

Speech disorders : Berry & Eisenson.

TITLE STUTTERING

Number s - 32

Description Etiology, Symptiology & Therapeutics for stammering (stuttering) : Disorders of Rhythems.

Objectives

- 1. Knowledge for the diagnosis & therapeutic planning for the problems of speech thythem.
- 2. An understanding of the various theories of stammering.
- 3. To understand the rationale for developing techniques of therapy.
- 4. To be able to work with stutterers.

Topical outline

Definition, - theories of stuttering - psychological factors in stuttering - oers onality traits of stuttering - signs and symptoms of stuttering - Analysis of articulatory phonatory and respiratory components - behavioural patterns namely facial postures - grimaceso and movement of body parts - fears of a stutterer- Types of stuttering - primary, secondary - therapeu-tic techniques - different therapies of stuttering - individual and group therapy Behaviour therapy psychotherapy.

Procedures employed

Lectures, discussions & supervised clinic al work .

Collateral readings

Symposium on stuttering : Eisenson

Text Books

Introduction to stuttering - Robinson.

TITLE

APHASIA AND RELATED DISORDERS

Number

5 - 33

Description

Disorders in nervous system resulting in language problems.

Objectives

- 1. To give the students an understanding of the nature of language disturbances resulting from disturbances in the nervous system.
- 2. To give the students an understanding of rationale of treatment for aphasia and allied disturbances.

Topical outline

Infantileand adult aphasia - definition terminology in aphasia - differential diagnosis - altism - emotional disorders and agnosia - symptoms - tests in aphasia. Assessment of aphasia, Methods of reporting. Therapy techniques - Prognosis - spontane ous recovery.

Proceduresemployed Lectures, Discussions and observations

Text Books

Aphasia in adults - Supplementary assigned readings.

..86

TITLE -86-

Number CEREBRAL PALSY

Description Etiology, symptiology and structural and fun tional consideration of cerebral palsy. Then peutic procedures for the speech of the cere

bral palsied.

Objectives To give the student the understanding of the cerebral palsy condition and appreciation of its impact upon the develop-

ment of speech.

To prepare the student to material system 2. matic evaluation and design of speech and language training programme with cerebra palsy.

Topical outline

Definitions - types of palsy - causes - physi cal and mental problems - characteristics of cerebral palsy speech - diagnosis of speech difficulties - phylogenetic principles - meth ds of speech training motokinesthetic - bobat TIPS - differential development and its impli cations - need for physiotherapy and activities for daily living.

Procedures employed Text books

Lectures, observations and supervised clinical work.

Westlay - Rutherford - SPEECH THERAPY AND CEREBRAL PALSY.

TITLE

METHODS FOR EVALUATING HEARING LOSS IN CHILDRE

Number

H - 31

Description and objectives

See A - 2 (M.Sc)

Topical outlines

Problems involved in the testing of infants and young children, use of distraction techniques and play audiometry, principles of psychogalvanometry and electroencephalography, conditioning to audiometry - materials for speech audiometry in children

Procedures & texts.

See A - 2 (M.Sc)

TITLE

SPEECH READING

Number

H - 32

Description & objective

See A - 9 (M.Sc)

Topical outlines

Speech reading need and possibilities - limitations - visibility of speech movements. Methods of teaching speech reading, Jena, Nitchie, muller, walle and Tadoma natural methods, formal and informal lessons individual and group teaching - practical hints. Use of hearing aids with speech reading with adults. Counselling the family - How the family can help children and adults.

Procedure & text

See A - 9 (M.Sc)

TITLE

OR GANISATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF SPEECH AND HEARING CENTRES

Number

H - 34

Description

Lengitudinal studies of stuttering theories and therapies.

Objectives

- 1. A working knowledge of the prevalent theories and therapies.
- 2. An understanding of the rationale of of therapeutic approaches and procedures accompanying the various theories of stuttering.
- 3. An appreciation of the linenesses and differences among the several theories.

Topical outline

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- 1. Speech and hearing centres
- 2. Incidence of speech and hearing disorders.
- 3. Staffing pattern equipment needed
- 4. Basic utilisation
- 5. Space utilization
- 6. Sound treated rooms
- 6. Clinical facilities to be provided
- 8. Records and maintenance of records.
- 9. The role of the speech therapist and the audiologist in the rehabilitation team ethics of the profession.
- 10. Treatment and training
- 11. Facilities and professional organisations abroad.
- 12. Relationship with other medical para-medical and educational agencies.
- 13. Social organisations and governmental agencies.

Procedure employed

Lectures : Assignments.

Text and collateral readings.

No text for this.
Publications of various organisations and agencies.

Number H - 20

Description

Fundamental aspects of hearing; nature testing and rehabilitation.

Objectives

1. To introduce the student to th

- 1. To introduce the student to the fiel of Audiology and the role of Audiolost.
- 2. To provide background, theory and a fundamental knowledge of the techniques involved in the use of the Audi metry for the detection and evaluation of hearing loss.

Scope of audiology - anatomy and physical sick of sound measures of sound - frequency - intensity decibel - auditory sensation - pitch and loudneness-biol gical and psychological aspects of mring - auditory localisation - frequency limits of audible sound - speech range - thresholds of hearing - first audible - discomfort - pain, speech area.

Audiometry - definition, nature and scope diagnosis and treatment of hearing defects - types of tests - sensitivity, recognition of pitch discrimination and tolerance - instructions given to patients - basic tests of hering conversational voice, whisper, coin click and watch tick tuning fork

Topical outline

tend for Landing

tests - schwabach, Rinne and Weber - puretone audicmetry - absolute and normal throsholds-routine audiometry - air conduction
Bone conduction - precautions and care in
audiometry - parameters affecting thresholds - continuous Vs pulse tone, repetition rate, ascending Vs descending intensity - other factors - total time taken for
audiometry, patients attention, ambient
noise and positioning of the earphones.

procedure employed

Lectures, Discussions, Demonstrations and predicted work with cases.

Texts and references-Davis H., and Silverman S.R.: Hearing and deafness, Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, Inc. (1960) New York.

Newby H. Audiology Appleton - Century Crofts(1964) New york.

O'Neill, J.J. & Oyer H.J.: Applied Audiometry, Dodd, Mead & Co, Inc, (1966) New York

Articles suggested from time to time.

TITLE

SPECIAL PEST IN AUDIOLOGY

Number

18 - E

Description

Fundamental aspect of hearing, nature testing and rehabilitation.

Objectives

- 1. To introduce the student to the field of audiology and the role of audiologist
- 2. To provide background, therapy and fundamental knowledge of the techniques involved in the use of the audiometry for the detection and evaluation of hearing loss.

Topical outlines

Auditory fatigue - masking - types of masking - clinical use of masking in audiometry. Epeech tests - principles , materials to be used, techniques. Recruitment monaural and binaural loudness balance tests, significance of tests, short increment sensitivity index, tone decay, bekesy audiometry. Tests for functional deafness.

Procedures employed

Lectures; discussion; demonstration

TITLE

SPECIAL EDUCATION AND REHABILITATION OF THE AURALLY HANDICAPPED

Number

H - 22

Description

Principles and methods of assessing and diagnosing the hearing loss; goals of habilitation and rehabilitation, theory and methodology in therapy for the aural handicapped.

Objectives

- 1. To familiarize the student with the blems of hearing loss, causes of hearing loss. Assessment, Diagnosis and and treatments of hearing loss.
- 2. To acquaint the student with the principles and application of modern methods and techniques in therapy.
- 3. To acquaint the student with the print ples of and necessity for amplificate for the hearing impaired through hearing aids, auditory training unit. Proper selection and a balanced use of the different aids commercially available.
- 4. A working knowledge of the educational psychological and social aspects of hearing loss.

Topical outline

History of the deaf - hearing problems - degree of loss - causes - goals in rehabilitation. Medical and surgical possiblities - hearing therapy - hearing aids speech reading - methods - language - parent counselling - Importance of early diagnosis - parent lessons - psychology of the deaf and the hard of hearing.

Procedures employed

Lecture : Discussions : Demonstrations.

Text and collateral readings.

Davis and silverman
 Newby
 Hirsh

.. Hearing and/
.. Audiology

deafn

4. Ewing

.. Measurement of hearing.

All bury

.. Teaching deaf children to talk.

5. Ewing

.. New opportunities for deaf children.

6. Ewing

dance and the deaf.

7. Groht

.. Natural language.

8. Decarle 9. Oyer HJ

.. The deaf.
.. Auditory communications

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.. Auditory disor

ders in child

10. Myclebust H

TITLE

HEARING AIDS AND AUDITORY TRAINING

Number

H - 23

Description

Reblitation: Principles and methods of amplification; Knowledge of different types and degrees of loss and their adjustment to amplification. Detailed information about the use and performances of different types of hearing aids. Use of residuel hearing by training through auditory experiences.

Objectives

- 1. To familiarize the student with different types of hearing aids available.
- 2. Selection of hearing aid.
- 3. Auditory training.
- 4. Hearing aid trial
- 5. Balance and use of different hearing aid.

Topical outline

Hearing loss; hearing aids; basic elements of an hearing aid, hearing aid selection; ear mound making; uses of hearing aid individual-group- Elementary repair of hearing aids - principles of auditory training - development of a cheap hearing aid with indigenous equipment.

Procedures employed.

Lectures : Discussions : Demonstrations.

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MURTHY /